THE Bombay Gazette.

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No. 55,422—NEW SERIES, BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
26th Aug	CALEDONIA	8000	......	...
2nd Sept	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
9th "	OCEANA	7000	......	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
23rd "	EGYPT	8000	......	...
30th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
7th Octr	ARABIA	8000	......	...
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
21st "	PERSIA	8000	......	...
28th "	MANTUA b	11000	CHINA	8000

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

b The "MANTUA" proceeds direct to LONDON via MALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES tranship at PORTSAID to the "CHINA."

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

6th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
13th "	PERSIA	8000	......	...
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	OCEANA	7000	......	...
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
10th "	CHINA	8000	......	...
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	ARABIA	8000	......	...
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10500	......	...
9th "	EGYPT	8000	......	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
20th "	*ARCADIA	7000	......	...
23rd "	PERSIA	8000	......	...
30th "	MARMORA	10500	......	...
6th April.	MOOLTAN	10000	......	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
20th "	MANTUA	11000	......	...
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
4th May.	ARABIA	8000	......	...
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
18th "	EGYPT	8000	......	...

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea..	Rs. 528 or Rs. 627	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge,
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis,
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Balduino	4,580	D. Maganzini	15th Sept. 1911
R. Rubattino	4,580	L. Mancini	15th Oct. 1911
D. Balduino	4,580	D. Maganzini	15th Nov. 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 740; Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Sept. 1911
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Oct. 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Nov. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140, to ......to SINGAPORE Rs. 155 and to HONGKONG Rs. 180.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street, Fort.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Kasara ...	1195	Thurs.	31st Aug.	9 a.m.	*via C. M.
Lhasa ...	2185	Fri.	1st Sept.	6 a.m.†	direct.

† Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
*Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kasara," 1,195 tons, on Thursday, 31st Aug. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomera.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Malda," 1,951 tons, on Wednesday, 30th August, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Karachi, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein and Bushire.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Purnea," 3306 tons, on or about 7th September, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND COLOMBO.

S. S. "Virawa," 3360 tons, on or about 26th August.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY,

25th August, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Ville de la Ciotat	6,378	Eschenauer	31st Aug. 1911.
Australien	6,365	Aumeran	28th Sept. 1911.
Nera	5,533	Casanova	26th Oct. 1911.
Oceanien	4,143	Sellier	23rd Nov. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	Ristorcelli	21st Dec. 1911.
Polynesien	6,363	Bruno	18th Jan. 1912.
Ville de la Ciotat	6,378	Eschenauer	15th Feb. 1912.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigation General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Oceanien	4,143	Sellier	8th Sept. 1911.
Yarra	4142	Ristorcelli	6th Oct. 1911.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building Hornby Road. Agent

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.	
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	8th Sept.	1911.
Olympia	5124	R. H. Brown, R.N.R.	23rd "	"
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	9th Oct.	"
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st "	"
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th Nov.	"
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	18th "	"
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Dec.	"
Olympia	5124	R. H. Brown, R.N.R.	20th "	"
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	3rd Jan.	1912
Scindia	5106	W. Kelso	23rd "	"
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th Feb.	"

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

			Leave Bombay about.	
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	26th Feb.	1912
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th Mar.	"
Olympia	5124	R. H. Brown, R.N.R.	24th "	"
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	8th Apr.	"
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd "	"
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th May	"
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	17th "	"
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	3rd June	"

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1 Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SHIPPING.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE. (GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

Steamers.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail on or about
b Markgraf	3,680	Ihle	6th September,

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.

14. Medow Street, Bombay 24th July, 1911.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR)

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application,

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:

26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,
Bombay,
Madras,
Karachi,
Lahore
Amritsar,
Delhi,
Cawnpore
Tuticorin,
Cochin,
Chittagong,
Rangoon,
Mandalay,
Colombo,
Kandy
Newara-Eliya,
Aden (Camp.)
Aden, (Steamer Point)
Zanzibar,
Mombasa,
Nairobi,
Nakuru,
Kisumu,
Jinja,
Kampala,
Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 142. W. J. K. HEGARTY
BOMBAY, Acting Manager.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:

"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES:

Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind), Junagadh, Karachi, Mandvi (Bombay), Nadiad, Rajkot, Sukkur and Surat.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL

Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be showed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.

GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.

Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private. &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
86 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

POONA RACES.

BINOCULARS.—

The new series of Binoculars have met with an excellent reception since introduced. There is no doubt that these glasses are much appreciated by the public on account of

1. Neat and handy form.
2. Convenient focussing.
3. High Optical qualities.
4. Increased field of view.
5. Enhanced sterios-copic effect.
6. Greater illumination.

GOERZ'
NEO-TRIEDER.
HELI-TRIEDER.
TRIEDER.
PAGOR
GLASSES.

No binocular at present on the market whether by a first class maker or not combines perfect optical qualities in the light and handy form as that of the GOERZ' MODELS.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

HAM, BACON AND CHEESE.

PRIME'S CUMBERLAND HAM in canvas	...	Rs. 1-2	per lb.
" " cooked on cut	...	" 2-8	"
BEST WILTSHIRE BACON	" ...	Re. 1-0	"
FINEST GRUYERE CHEESE	" ...	" 1-0	"
PRIME'S ENGLISH CHEDDAR	" ...	" 1-0	"
MIDGET GOUDAS, in tins	each ...	" 1-0	
CREME DE LA CREME, in tins about 4lbs. each	...	Rs. 3-0	

FRESH CONSIGNMENTS BY EVERY THROUGH MAIL

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 325. Telegrams:—"MONGIBROS,"—BOMBAY.

PRICE Rs. 3.

THE Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS FROM

1s. 3$\frac{3}{4}$d. to 1s. 4$\frac{23}{32}$d.

ALSO

Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.
FACING THE SEA.
FORT BOMBAY.

PRADER RIPU.

A Sure Remedy for Leucorrhoea (Whites). Cure is imminent. Strongly recommended to try it once. Price Rs. 2 a bottle. Apply to

SAPAT & CO.,
Chemists, Bombay, No. 2.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

FRESH GRUYERE PARMESAN GORGONZOLA, DUTCH BALLS in tin foil CHEDDAR LOAFS, CAMEMBERT in tins, (cheeses).

MACCARONI VERMICELLI AND SOUP PASTES assortments Pure genuine OLIVE OIL of the Olives.

PURE ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR.

Just to hand real RUSSIAN HERRINGS in small Kegs, sold loose at 4 ans. each.

Our GRIGNOLINO (CLARET) WINE is genuine and unadulterated now in great demand. Rs. 12 per dozen bottles.

Various other Brands of High Class Wines.

Singapore Rattan CHAIRS, Setties, tables, and Easy Chairs always in stock.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.
Chester	125°	"
Monkey	125°	"
Elephant in tins and bulk.		

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

It is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood etc

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS, Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA, Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness, Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day, As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA

WARLI LABORATORY DADAR, BOMBAY.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ

Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency or the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 13½d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicine bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 86 Hand Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on MONDAY, and TUESDAY the 28th and 29th instant, being Public Holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

TO PROPERTY OWNERS.

WANTED.—A CAPITALIST, to erect a ONE-STOREYED BUILDING, in the Fort, suitable for a large Printing Work. For lease on a good rental and for a long period.

Apply to No. 3167, care of this Office.

FOR SAL'S AT AHMEDNAGAR.

STEAM PUMPING PLANT.

1. 12 H. P. BRITANNIA (Loco Type) BOILER, by Marshalls & Sons, Gainsborough. Working pressure 100 lbs. per sq. inch, tested and licensed by Government Inspector up to 7th November 1911, complete with 20 ft. of iron chimney and all necessary fittings and mountings.
PRICE ... ... Rs. 1,200.
2. Piston Pattern Worthington double acting PUMP 10" by 6" by 10" with foundation bolts and all fittings.
PRICE ... ... Rs. 800.
3. DONKEY PUMP for feeding Boiler, with suction, delivery, steam and exhaust piping valves etc.
PRICE ... ... Rs. 120.
4. Hot Water FEED TANK for above...Rs. 50

The above prices include delivery on railway at Ahmednagar Station.

All the above are in excellent order and have been in use till quite recently.

Apply to :—

THE ASSISTANT COMMANDING ROYAL ENGINEER, AHMEDNAGAR

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

NORTH-EAST ROUTE.		NORTH-WEST ROUTE	
Corridor—Restaurant Car Express between Bombay and Delhi, from 1st November.		Mail Train between Bombay and Delhi from 1st November, via Ahmedabad, Abu and Jaipur. Restaurant Car between Ahmedabad and Ajmer.	
DOWN.		DOWN.	
Bombay (Colaba)	D. 22-0	Bombay (Colaba)	D. 21-30
Delhi	A. 6-45	Delhi	A. 8-45
UP.		UP.	
Delhi	D. 22-45	Delhi	D. 21-0
Bombay (Colaba)	A. 7-20	Bombay (Colaba)	A. 8-15

ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS will be run when necessary leaving Bombay in the evening and arriving at Delhi at a convenient hour in the morning.

Passengers holding RETURN TICKETS by the B. B. & C. I. Railway broad-gauge route to Delhi have the option of using the Metre-gauge route via Ahmedabad on either the outward or return journey.

QUICK DESPATCH OF GOODS TO DELHI.

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FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 3rd August, 1911.

DR. LAZARUS' SPLEEN PILLS

HAVE CURED THOUSANDS OF CASES OF ENLARGED SPLEEN.

Full Directions given in Wrapper

Prepared (only) by

E. J. LAZARUS & Co., Medical Hall, Benares.

Mr. APOTHECARY W. J. MONTGOMERY Madras Med. Estab. writes:—"You are at liberty to publish the following few lines which bear testimony to the efficacy of your Spleen Pills in the "Pioneer" if you think fit. I have used Dr. Lazarus's Spleen Pills in several cases of Enlarged Spleen etc., in all of them the cure was decidedly rapid, though the dose recommended has been found by me too strong for some, I have used nothing equal to it, and would strongly recommend those suffering from the above complaint never to be without taking a course of these pills, and I am quite certain that these pills will effect a cure when other remedies have failed.—Jalsa Deccan.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified for information that I, ADAMJI MULLA ABDULALLY, propose erecting a THEATRE at New Charney Road, on the vacant ground belonging to the Improvement Trust, and numbered 52, Scheme III admeasuring about 1,200 sq. yds. and situated in the Municipal D. Ward.

Notice is hereby given that any objections to the erection of the said THEATRE should be received by the COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, Bombay, not later than the 22nd day of August, 1911, that is within 14 days from the issue of this notice.

Bombay, 7th August, 1911.

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NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
TO-MORROW,
We shall present
AN
ENTIRE CHANGE
OF
PROGRAMME.

SPECIAL NOVELTIES
are due by
TO-DAY'S MAIL.
SEE
TO-MORROW'S PAPERS
FOR
FULL DETAILS.

TO-NIGHT,
LAST NIGHT
OF
"AIDA."
"THE BRAGGER."
"FOOLSHEAD,"
&c., &c., &c., &c.
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

SKATING RINK.

DAILY SESSIONS AS USUAL.

MONDAY, 28th Aug : } MORNING SESSIONS,
TUESDAY, 29th Aug: } from 9 to 11 with the Band being Bank Holidays.

A CINDERELLA DANCE AND SKATING,
ON MONDAY, 28th August,
from 9-30 to Midnight.
ADMISSION AS USUAL.

TRADE MARK

"LAXATETTES."

No appetite ?
Bad taste in the mouth ?
Tongue coated ?
Pain in the Stomach and Bowels ?
Head ache ?
Pimples ?
Sallow Complexion ?

LOOK OUT !

THAT'S NATURE'S DANGER SIGNAL !

If you don't take yourself in hand right away there's

Trouble ahead for you—a big Doctor's bill, at least.

"LAXATETTES" WILL LIVEN YOUR LIVER,
STIMULATE—STOMACH SCRETIONS,
FORCE THE BOWELS TO DO THEIR WORK,
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A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

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Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise to

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SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Goods, Grain Sweeping, etc.

Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 25th August, 1911, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), at the Railway Company's Depot at Carnac Bridge :—

A number of bags of grain and seeds and a quantity of grain sweeping, iron and other miscellaneous goods, etc.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises on WEDNESDAY, the 30th August, 1911, at 9-30 a. m. (morning) (S. T.)

The materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building St. No. 83, 87, 86, 89 9—10, case No. 2: 368 Chinch Bunder Road Building St. No. 3, 4, 5, 6 : 17—23 case No. 113: 116 Nowrojee Hill Road.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 25th August, 1911.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

SALE THIS DAY, FRIDAY, THE 25TH AUGUST.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 25th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Esplanade Road, Fort, next to Paper Currency Office and opposite the National Bank (where the whole kit has been removed for sale) the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood furniture rich glassware, dinner and dessert sets, best plated-ware, mahogany screw dining table for 24 persons chairs, mirror back sideboard and dinner waggon, English Maple sofa and chairs, English cushioned cane chairs, embossed plush and tapestry lined suites of sofas and chairs in 10 pieces, single and double almyrahs, cupboards, blackwood wardrobe bedsteads, marble topped dressing and washhand tables, ice box, carpets, marble and tiled topped tables and teapoys, show case, book case, clocks, Ditmar's majolica pillars, pianoforte, wind-proof lamps, very old fancy marble topped table resting on eagle bird stand, carved chiffoniers pictures, old china jars, Sheffield platedware, Parian figured clock, large bronze figures, marble clock, phonograph, bronze figured clock, camera, microscope, etc., the property of F. Southwell Piper, Esq., Senior Dock Master, Prince's and Victoria Docks, proceeding to England and of others.

The property of a gentleman:—
1 new Densmore Typewriter.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

Monday, the 28th instant, being a Bank Holiday, our USUAL WEEKLY SALE will be held on TUESDAY, the 29th instant.

WEEKLY SALE.

On TUESDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

Furniture such as writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, sofas, chairs, cupboard, zoonda, almyrah, bedstead, ironsafes, almyrah, phonographs.

At 3 P.M.

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 glass fronted brougham.
1 rubber-tyred victoria.
The property of a Parsee Doctor, gone to England—
1 handsome chestnut Arab horse 5½ years old, going in carriage.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 25th August, 1911.

ALWAYS ASK FOR
ZIG-ZAG
BEST CIGARETTE PAPER

Stephens'
Inks
Stephens'
Ribbons
AND
Carbons
for Typewriters.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

THE SALE of Right, Title and Interest of Ramrao Narayen in the properties situate at Navi Wadi, 1st and 2nd Fanaswadi Lane, Zaobar Oart and Parel, advertised to take place TO-DAY is Postponed sine-die.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

The property of a gentleman consisting of chairs, writing table, almyrah, show case, bedstead, electric fan, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S. T.)

1 second-hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 handsome bay Arab entire, about 14-2, daily used in harness, and looks well, aged about 7 years.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Goods, Sweepings, etc at the G. I. P. Railway Wari Bunder.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Railway Act 9 of 1890 and under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on THURSDAY, the 31st instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, a quantity of unclaimed goods, grain and seeds in bags, cotton-seeds in bags, linseed, rapeseed, wheat, hards, gram, makai, ground nutseeds in bags, bundles of gunny bags, case of glassware, bundles of iron bars, box of dry colour, tins of oil, bundle of iron sheets, bundle of canvas bag, keg of paint, case of books, case of coaltar, bundles of waste cotton, empty cases, bag of dry coconuts, betalnuts, bundles of jogree, lot of condemned sheets, old records, steel hoops and bands, heaps of sweeping grain, etc., etc.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 25th August, 1911.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

CROFT; MODY & CO.

THE following popular and well known BRANDS of WHISKIES can be had Wholesale from

CROFT, MODY & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY,
OR RETAIL FROM
Messrs. BRANDON & Co.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS
AND
DENISON & Co.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

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F. O. S. (Finest old Scotch)
From DONALD Mc. TAGGART & Co., Strathspey and Glasgow.
A. L. W. (Antique Liqueur)
R. O. T. (Rare Old Talisker)
From The DAILUAINE-TALISKER DISTILLERS LTD.

BANK OF BOMBAY SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT, per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has by a reputation, and to-day more popular than ever the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—THOROUGHLY CLEAR AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities from whatever cause arising, for

SCROFULA,	BAD LEGS,
SCURVY,	BLOTCHES,
ECZEMA,	SPOTS,
BLOOD POISON,	BLACKHEADS,
ULCERS,	PIMPLES,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES	AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

It is a safe and Permanent Remedy.

It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful Clarke's Blood Mixture."—June 15, 1908

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

ASK FOR
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FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

TO BE LET.

A LARGE airy and up-to-date OFFICE, on the 1st floor of Wheeler's Building, Hornby Road Lift, E. L. and Fans. Apply—

A. H. WHEELER AND CO.,
on premises.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital ....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund ....$ 16,750,000
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COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG,
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

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RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ....Rs. 28,50,000

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E. E. SAVI,
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HEAD OFFICE :
4, Crosby Square, LONDON E.C.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

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Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

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FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s. ; double from 7s. ; sitting and bed room from 15s. ; suites from 21s. ; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive terms from 12s. per day. Special inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath, Post Office telephones in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).

J. R. CLEAVE,
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THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

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SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales ; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required ; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows :—

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For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time special contracts are made.

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DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, August 23.] [BOMBAY, August 24.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
3 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	78 1-4	un	chgd
do. Rentes ...	94 1-2	un	chgd
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	94	un	chgd
1-2 do. Gov. securities...	64 5-16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24 1-8	un	chgd
do. 2 months' hence...	24 3-16		1-16
Bar Silver in New York ...	52 1-4	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris...	25-26 1-2		1-2
do. do. at Berlin...	20-49	1-2	
do. do. New York...	4-86 1-8	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate...	3 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	9th Mar.		
3 months' sight ..	2 7-8	1-8	
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	3 1-2	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 1-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 7-8	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	1 1-4	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans...	1 1-2	1-4	

Bar Gold 77-9 unchgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 15-16 unchgd

Closing Tone of Silver—China buying.

Amount paid into the Bank of England, about £250,000.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 50,00,000,

Rs. 23,70,000 were allotted to Calcutta
" 18,50,000 " to Bombay
" 3,60,000 " to Madras

Total Rs. 45,80,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) received 84 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) received 84 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·03.

Telegraphic Transfers:—

Rs. ...... were allotted to Calcutta.
" ...... " to Bombay.
" 4,20,000 " to Madras.

Total Rs. 4,20,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 84 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 84 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·06.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sales, Rs. 50,00,000.

Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 50,00,000.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Easier. Increased demand.
Futures	... Steady.
East Indian	... .
Manchester	More business doing.
Total sales	... 5,000
Sold on speculation and for Export	2:0
Imports	... 2,000
Mid-americans	... 6·76—01
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	9 11-16 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
6·34 +02	6·11 +01	6·07 +01	6·04 +02	6·04 +02

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	April-May.
6·04 +02	6·06 +02	6·07 +02	6·08 +02

New York Official noon call Oct. 11-29 Jan. 11-31

New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct. 11·23 Jan. 11-31

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at U. S. Ports	... 15,000
Receipts at " Last year	... .
Exports to Great Britain	... .
Exports to Continent	... .
Spot Cotton—	...12·70+10

Futures—Month of Oct. 11·32+03 } Declined on receipts running above expectations and advanced later on foreign buying.
Futures—Month of Dec. 11·41+04

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	... 12+1-16
Futures month of Oct.	... 11·27+04
Futures month of Dec.	... 11·31+15
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Steady.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal M. G.	d 5
F. G. Bengal M. G.	d 5 2-16
Fine Bengal M. G.	d 5 4-16
Good Bhownagger	d 5 11-16
F. G. Bhownagger	d 5 13-16
Fine Bhownagger	d 5 15-16
Good Oomras M. G.	d 5 12-16
F. G. Oomras M. G.	d 5 14-16
Fine Oomras M. G.	d 6
Good M. G. Oomras	d 5 10-16
Fine M. G. Oomras	d 5 14-16
Good Broach	d 6 1-16
F. G. Broach	d 6 7-32
Fine Broach	d 6 6-16
Good Khandeish	d 5 9-16
F. G. Khandeish...	d 5 11-16
F. G. F. Tinnevelly Liverpool C. I. F....	d 6 1-4

Buyers, &c—Nominal.
Months—Aug.-Sept.

Good Tinnevelly ... d 6 5-16

WHEAT.

Wheat White Karachi ... 35 1-2+1-4
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Done.
Wheat Red Karachi ... 35 unchgd
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet but steady.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs. ... 35 1-1—1-4
Do. Months—August.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—Buyers. Quiet but steady
Barletta Russo 62 1-2lbs.— ... Nominal No sellers.
Do. Months—August-Sept.
Buyers &c.—Value.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ... 35 5-8+1-8
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept—Done.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawn. per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship 49 1-2+1-2
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk—Nominal.
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p.c.ex-ship 51 3-4+3-4
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp.—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ...47 1-2+1
Do. Months—August.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Sellers.
Tone—Strong.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 74+1
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp.—Done.
Tone of Linseed—Strong.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 66 1-2+3-4
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Buyers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)... ... ... 13 1-4 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ...4-9—Aug.-Sept.—Sellers steady.

METALS—

Copper Braziers ... £ 67 1-4
Yellow Metal ... d 6 1-8
Standard Copper G. M. B. ...£58 5-16

FREIGHT—

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal.....Nominal.

BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW—

Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... 34 1-4
" " Mutton Tallow ... 36-5
General Tone of Tallow Auction—Strong.

SUGAR—

German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ...16 11 1-4—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment...Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Very little doing.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...16-3—Sellers.
Do Months of Shipments ...Oct.-Dec
Tone—Nominal in absence of business and neglected.
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ...14 2 1-2—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...October.
Tone—Continental buying orders caused rise. Market opened firm and closed steady.
E A R & Similar Crystal C & F India ...18 9 3-4—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Jan.-March.
Tone—Nothing doing.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...14-6—Value.
Months of Shipments ...Sept.-Oct.
Java Sugar—Unchanged. Very slow demand.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [24th August, 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
11 Boxes Bulns.	Rs. 7,37,280	London	National Bank
2 Boxes Sovs....	52,500	do	do

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 22nd Aug., 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	41	48,791
B B and C I Railway ...	20	23,328

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—We quote:—

T. T. on London	... 1s. 4d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 7-32 to 3-16d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 9-32d. Oct.
Do. do France	...170 1-4 to 1-2
Do. do Marks	...138 1-2
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...132
Shanghai "	...175 1-2
Japan "	...150

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—

Ready...	Rs. 96 7 0
Forward	" 96 5 0

BULLION:—We quote:—

English Bar Gold	Rs 24 0 6
Australian "	" 24 0 6
Sovereigns "	" 15 0 0
Silver Ready ex duty ...	" 61 5 0
" 1st Settlement ...	" 61 5 0
" 2nd " ...	" 61 6 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

The Home markets are reported to have been steady with little doing. Crop accounts are generally more favourable excepts. Texas where drought is doing harm. Receipts continue to arrive on a large scale.

There was some enquiry from Exporters for new crop Oomras December-January contracts but sellers are not disposed to operate.

The market for ready cotton is closed to-day on account of the Jain Holiday.

QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs. 300	March,
Fine M G Wardha Hinganghat	" 298	Jan,
Fine M G Nagpur	" 295	"
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola...	" 286	"
Fine M G Khandeish ...	" 277	"
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	" 267	"
Fine M G Bengal	" 290	Nov.
Fine M. G. Bengal	" 288	Dec.
Fine M. G. Bengal	" 275	Jan,
F. G. H. G. Bengal	" 261	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER:—

Opening Tone	Quiet.
Estimated Sales	5,000 bales
Total Imports	Nil "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·34 unchgd	6·12 +01	6·08 +01	6·04 unchgd

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	April-May.
6·04	6·04	6·03	6·07	6·08

unchanged

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—The market is strong.
We quote:—

Ready ...	Rs. 12 6 0 B.T.
September ...	" 13 5 9 B.T.

RAPESEED:—The market is steadier.
We Quote:—

Yellow Guzerat ready ...	" 8 10 6 R. D.
Brown Etawah ready ...	" 7 13 6 "

GINGELLYSEED:—The market is easier.
We quote:—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs. 57 6 0
Yellow Hinganghat ...	" 64 14 0
Black Kutui ...	" 49 14 0

CASTORSEED:—Tone steady. We Quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 7 10 0 R. T.

COTTONSEED:—Tone steady. We Quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 24 15 0

POPPYSEED:—Tone steady. We Quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 10 7 0 B. T.

MOWRASEED:—Tone strong. We quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 7 9 0 B. T.

WHEAT:—The market is quiet.
We Quote:—

White Pissi ready ...	Rs. 5 3 0 R. T.
" " Sept ...	Rs. 5 2 6 "

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,732 1-2
Bank of Burma	136
Bank of India	67
Eastern Bank	76
Indian Specie	51 1-2

MILLS.

Central India S and W Co ...	1,750
David	368 3-4
Kohinoor	630
Manockji Petit	2,533 1-2
New Great Eastern	157 1-2
Standard	930

PRESS.

Indian Cotton	133 3-4

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	137 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	172 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	1,175
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	17
Treacher and Co.	520
Tata I. & S. Co. Preference ...	167 1-2

RAILWAY.

Tapti-Valley	498 3-4

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours at 6 p.m., yesterday:—

Cotton	264 bales
Wheat	15,555 cwts.
Linseed	2,228 "
Rapeseed	586 "
Gingellyseed	511 "
Poppyseed	175 "
Groundnuts...	525 "
Castorseed	5,859 "
Rice	10,968 "
Myrabollams	534 "
Cottonseed	9,035 "
Mowraseed	1,198 "
Gram	1,834 "
Joowar	7,750 "
Maize	Nil

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other," would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper, and thousands (home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet Luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by Chemists, Stores, Grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-street, London, Established over 35 years.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BANDORA.

DEATH.

MASCARENHAS—August 24, Mrs. Angelina Maria Mascarenhas, mother-in-law of Mr. Ernest D'Silva. Funeral this (Friday) evening at 6 o'clock at St. Andrew's Church, Bandora. Relations and friends, please accept this intimation.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

ANSELL—August 18, at "Woodside," Toong, D.H.R., to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur M. Ansell, a daughter.

DEATH.

TWEEDY—August 18, at the Ramsay Hospital, Naini Tal, of heart failure after Malta fever, Robert Pottinger Tweedy, Lieutenant 2nd Batt. Royal Highlanders (The Black Watch), son of G. A. Tweedy, I.C.S., aged 24.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Mail steamer "Oceana," due at 6 a.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre. Our Star film "Aida, an Egyptian tragedy." Three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, and 10 to 11 p.m.

Skating Rink, 8 a. m. and on Tuesdays and Thursdays 6 p. m.; Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, 9-30 p. m.

Maxim: "Everything comes to the strenuous chap who goes after the good things the other fellow is waiting for."—Ideal Power.

THE ENGLISH MAIL.

DEPARTURES.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Caledonia" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-30 p. m. to-morrow.

POSTAL NOTICES.—The office of the Postmaster-General, Bombay, will be removed to the second floor of the New General Post Office building near the Victoria Terminus, after the close of business on Saturday, the 26th August.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s.s. "Assaye" will be closed at the General Post Office at 11-30 a.m. on Wednesday the 30th instant. Parcel mail for China closes at the New General Post Office at 10-30 a. m. the same day.

BODY FOUND FLOATING.—Mr. E. T Lambert, the Coroner, held an inquest yesterday, on the Morgue, touching the death of a Hindu, named Narsya Yennappa, aged about 20. It appeared from the evidence that the body of the deceased was found floating in the Mumbadevi Tank. As nobody came forward to identify the body, a buttakie was beaten, and the deceased's mother identified the body as that of her son. The deceased had not been right in his mind for the last two years. A verdict of suicide was recorded.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. R.E. Pigott, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn. B. B. & C. I. Ry. Vols. will play the following programme under the direction of Mr. Geo. W. Salter, Bandmaster, at 6-30 p. m., this evening:—

March	The Gladiators Farewell	Blankenberg
Incidental Music	Henry 8th	Sullivan
Valse	Jungherren Tauz	Gung'l
Selection	The Medal and the Maid	Jones
Danse	des Apaches	Clarke
Selection	The Girl of Gottenberg	Caryll
Two-Step	Silver Heels	Moret

LECTURE BY PRINCIPAL VELINKAR.—On Wednesday evening a lecture on "Leaders of Men" was delivered in the Hall of the Israelite School, Mazagaon, by Principal N. G. Velinkar, when the Rev. Dr. Mackichan occupied the chair. There was a large and an appreciative gathering of the Bene-Israel ladies and gentlemen. The lecturer said that among Bene-Israels there was a great need of cohesion. They must rally round their only educational institution, the Israelite School, and support it with all their might. The Bene-Israels should have an Educational League which could discuss and consider questions of the educational needs of the community and advise the authorities in charge of the Israelite School as to what the needs of the people were. The Rev. Dr. Mackichan congratulated the lecturer on the able and tactful way in which he had treated the subject and had referred to the Biblical examples of leaders. He said he had known the community for very many years and had taken a very great interest in them. He concluded by aptly pointing out that a true leader was not one who pushed himself forward, but one who was prepared for self-effacement for the good of his followers, and gave the example of Moses, who for the intense love he bore for his people, prayed to God that for the good of his people his name might be blotted out from the Book of Life.

BOMBAY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

Annual Meeting.

THE annual meeting of the Teachers' Association of Bombay was held yesterday, in Sir Mangaldas House, Girgaum, Bombay, Professor J. N. Fraser presiding. The Council for the next year was elected with Professor Fraser as President, Mr. P. A. Wadia as Secretary and Mr. K. N. Mahale, as Treasurer. Mr. P. A. Wadia then read the report, in which it was stated that owing to various reasons the year under report had proved one of great difficulty and depression. The number of members however was 85, which was a satisfactory total.

Mrs. G. Anderson moving the adoption of the report said she was sure all were glad that the Teachers' Association had been revived, though it was a bit surprising that in a city which had a population of a million and in which so much interest was evinced in education, the Association should ever have been in a state of suspended animation. The Association had proved very useful in a number of ways, one of which was that it had provided a common meeting ground for teachers, and had been the means of inaugurating conferences. The Association was not exceptional in having met with difficulties, as similar institutions both in this country and in England had undergone the same trials. If they here realised their responsibilities and possibilities, they might never again have to undergo the same trials.

Mr. J. D. Bharda seconded the motion which was carried.

The Chairman addressing the meeting said he was in favour of a low subscription fee and he thought they could very well run the Association on an annual subscription of one anna. He then suggested the lines on which the Association should proceed in the future.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

RASH AND NEGLIGENT DRIVING.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Jeffries charged a motor-driver named M. N. DeSouza with rash and negligent driving. The charge against the accused was that, on the 11th July last, he was recklessly driving car No. 1053, belonging to the Bombay Motor Car Company, towards Church Gate Street, when it collided with a carriage belonging to one Hassan Mahomed. His Worship convicted the accused and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 25.

The airman Aubrun has carried out tests at Cherbourg relating to the detection of submarines by aeroplanes. He succeeded in finding three submerged vessels by ranging over the sea in circles 1,200 ft. up, from which height, the submarines were plainly visible as black masses beneath the surface of the water.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

APPLICATION FOR RECEIVER.

ON the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar, the Hon'ble the Advocate-General moved absolute the notice of motion for a receiver and maintenance in the suit brought by Thakersey Lakhmidas and others against Khimji Govindas and others.

Mr. Setalvad appeared to show cause on behalf of defendants Nos. 1, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 9; Mr. Baptista supported the application for a receiver for defendants Nos. 2, 5 and 6; Mr. Jafferbhoy holding Mr. Jinnah's brief appeared for the tenth defendant.

The estate was of one Vallabhdass Bhimji, a dye merchant. The Advocate-General said the plaintiff was a minor and the suit was brought by his mother, who was a widow. The first defendant had no son and had been squandering the estate and doing harm to the business. His clients had separated, and they now wanted maintenance from their admitted one-fifth share.

After further arguments, the first and second defendants were appointed receivers of the estate and business of the deceased without security and without remuneration. The plaintiff and his mother were allowed Rs. 90 per month as maintenance; Rs. 450 were to be spent by the receivers for the maintenance of the rest of the family, besides the Rs. 40 allowed to the tenth defendant in another suit. Costs were made costs in the cause.

APPLICATION FOR BAIL.

ON the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayen G. Chandavarkar, Mr. J. D. Davar and Mr. S. G. Velinkar appeared to ask for bail on behalf of one Maneckji Framji Sett, against whom the Chief Presidency Magistrate framed two charges, one of which being an attempt to commit a criminal offence, on the evening of the day before.

Mr. Davar said his client had given notice to the Public Prosecutor of his present application. There seemed to be no opposition. The police had not opposed bail before the learned Magistrate.

Justice Chandavarkar.—On what ground did the Magistrate refuse bail?

Mr. Davar said he could give no reason. His client was a respectable person and was charged at the instance of a professional beggar. He was prepared to give any bail.

Their Lordships ordered bail in the accused's personal recognisance of Rs. 2,000, and two sureties for the like amount.

Counsel then applied for a rule for the transfer of the case to the Criminal Sessions on the ground that the Magistrate was prejudiced. The application was made on the petition of the accused and an affidavit.

Their Lordships granted a rule and stayed proceedings.

STEAMER COMPANY SUED.

AT the Small Cause Court, Mr. A. K. Donald, acting Chief Judge, has disposed of a case in which the plaintiff Haji Khanoo Moosa sued the Bombay Steam Navigation Company Ltd. to recover the sum of Rs. 1,929 12, being the value of 209 bags of rice and 50 bags of paddy which were short delivered to the plaintiff at Calcutta, out of a consignment of 3,000 bags of rice and paddy.

Mr. K. K. Suntoke appeared for the plaintiff. The defendants denied the shortage and disputed the value of the bags alleged to have been short delivered and pleaded limitation.

The learned Judge held on the evidence that there was a shortage, but passed a decree for Rs. 1,429-12 after giving credit to the defendants for Rs. 500, being the balance of the freight due.

ALLEGED POLICE TORTURE.

ON the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayen G. Chandavarkar concluded the hearing of the appeal of Bhogilal Dhirajram, sub-inspector of Police, and nine other police officers who were convicted of voluntarily causing hurt to Abha Mulji and eleven others, three of them being women, and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment by Mr. M. B. Tyebji, Sessions Judge of Broach.

Mr. R. M. A. Branson and Mr. Lowji Wadia, instructed by Mr. G. B. Rele, appeared for the accused; the Government Pleader was for the Crown.

The facts of this case have already been reported.

Their Lordships, after hearing the arguments of counsel, reversed the order of the lower Court, set aside the convictions and sentences and acquitted the accused.

GRAVE PROVOCATION.

ON the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayen G. Chandavarkar disposed of the appeal of Bhaiji Gulabji, who was convicted of culpable homicide not amounting to murder and sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. B. C. Kennedy, Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad.

The accused, it appeared, fortuitously discovered his wife near their own mango tree and there fractured her skull with an axe, on a sudden and grave provocation. He set up a defence that his wife died of a fall from the mango tree.

Agreeing with the assessors, the Sessions Judge convicted the accused and sentenced him as above stated.

Their Lordships dismissed the appeal.

THEFT OF IRON.

ON the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayen G. Chandavarkar disposed of the appeal of Abdulla Ebrahim, who was convicted of theft by Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad and sentenced to twenty months' rigorous imprisonment, three months of which were to be solitary. He was also ordered to report his residence for three years after his release.

The accused was seen removing from the Port Trust compound eight pieces of iron valued at Rs. 4, in a hand-cart which also he had stolen the same evening. He had four previous convictions against him and he was sentenced as above-stated.

On a consideration of the whole case, their Lordships dismissed the appeal.

POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, one Manekji Cowasji Master, formerly a salesman in the employ of Messrs. J. H. Elliott and Company, Limited, was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 5,500 belonging to Fazulali Bagasji, a dealer in hardware. Mr. N. N. Saher, Barrister-at-law, with Mr. Vicaji F. Vicaji, pleader, appeared for the complainant; and Mr. S. B. Kapadia, pleader, defended the accused. The charge against the accused was that in 1907 he was given by the complainant Rs. 5,500 for four drafts of £135, £135, £47 and £67 for certain goods the latter had ordered through the accused's employers. Subsequently it was found that the accused had not paid the amount to his employers. The accused then disappeared, and a warrant was issued against him. A few days ago he was arrested at Lahore.

After the evidence had been recorded, the further hearing of the case was adjourned.

At a recent meeting of Advocates representing the Transvaal, Natal, the Western and Eastern Provinces of Cape Colony and the Johannesburg and Bloemfontein centres, it was resolved to amalgamate in order to secure the absolute exclusion of natives from practising as Advocates. The Western Province representatives held aloof.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

Proposed Tax on Insurance Companies.

AN adjourned meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, the Hon'ble Sir Phirozeshah M. Mehta, the President, occupying the chair.

Dr. Dinshah B. P. Master according to previous notice proposed 'that the Municipal Commissioner be requested to report whether it is desirable, in view of the gradually increasing expenses of the maintenance of the Fire Brigade, during the last few years, to levy a small tax on the Fire Insurance Companies carrying on business in our city, in proportion of their local income. (b) If it is, the Municipal Commissioner will be so good as to suggest the modifications or additions that may be necessary for that purpose, in the present Municipal Act.'

In support of his motion Dr. Master said that in Bombay the Fire Insurance Companies would not be able to do their business without the Fire Brigade. A tax such as he proposed was charged to Fire Insurance Companies in London.

Dr. Jehangir J. Cursetji seconded the proposition.

Mr. A. M. Tod said that it was not correct to say that the Fire Insurance Companies would not be able to go on without the Fire Brigade. In London formerly the Fire Insurance Companies had their own Fire Brigade. At present it was absorbed into the London Fire Brigade and the Insurance Companies had to pay the tax. The case of the London Fire Insurance Companies was different from those in Bombay. In Bombay, it was well-known, that the majority of the Mahomedan and Hindu property-holders did not insure their properties. In fact nine-tenth of the landlords did not effect insurance. At any rate if they imposed such a tax as was proposed, the insurers would be the sufferers as the Fire Insurance Companies would raise their rates of premium. The result of levying such a tax would be that the insurers would have to pay more than they at present paid in the shape of insurance rates.

The Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla said that he was in favour of the suggestion made by Mr. Baptista when he proposed and obtained the appointment of a Committee to consider the advisibility of establishing a Municipal Insurance system, after finding out the average annual losses by fires in the city.

Mr. D. E. Wacha said that Dr. Jehangir J. Cursetji was right when he observed that Mr. Tod's remarks were one-sided as he only put forth arguments from the Insurance Companies' point of view. In London Fire Insurance Companies were made to pay £35 on every one million insured. Again, there was a contribution from the Treasury and the London County Council levied only half per cent tax on the house-owners. Mr. Ibrahim had pointed out that in Bombay the Insurance Companies had monopolies, but in London too there was a similar combination, and in spite of that the County Council had levied a tax of 35 per one million.

Mr. Cawasji Jehangir Readymoney said that Mr. Tod and the Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla had rightly pointed out that, if such a tax as was proposed was levied an Insurance Companies, the latter would as certainly raise their rates. The Fire Brigade was maintained for the benefit of those who did not insure and of the Fire Insurance Companies. He thought the best course was to obtain the Commissioner's report in the matter and to refer the whole question to a Committee for report after all the materials were before it.

Mr. Jaffer Rahimtoola was of opinion that a "prima facie" case had been made out by Dr. Master for sending the matter to the Commissioner for favour of report.

Mr. Jehangir Petit agreed with Mr. Tod and Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola. He did not think it was wise to bring such a question before the Corporation. The Corporation were bound, as had been pointed out by previous speakers, to keep an efficient Fire Brigade and they could not make any profit on the Fire Service.

Mr. Phiroze C. Sethna repudiated the statements that the Fire Brigade benefited the Insurance Companies and that their rates in Bombay were very high. If the rates were higher than in London, in many other cities they were still higher. The figures quoted by previous members referred to the whole Presidency, but the Corporation were only concerned with the city and those figures were of no use for the purpose of the present question. The city statistics showed that the mills effected an insurance of eight lakhs and therefore the rest of the general insurance only amounted to about 15 or 17 lakhs. He did not think there was any justification for levying a tax on the Insurance Companies.

Mr. Baptista was in favour of the proposition. He thought that they must get enough material to come to a conclusion and the Commissioner's report would provide the same.

Colonel Collie submitted that arguments had been urged on both sides and that the Corporation had before them all the information the proposer of the resolution desired to obtain from the Commissioner.

On being put to the vote the proposition was carried.

PROPOSED STABLE BY-LAWS.

Mr. Jaffer Rahimtulla proposed that the report of the Committee regarding by-laws for regulating the construction of horse and bullock stables be approved and adopted; that the President be requested to address Government in the terms of the report; that the draft revised by-laws relating to milch cattle stables received with the report be approved and adopted and that the Secretary be requested to notify to the public that the Corporation intended to take those by-laws into consideration at their monthly meeting in November.

The report has already been published in these columns.

Mr. S. S. Mistry moved an amendment to the effect that the plans and estimates submitted with the report be not forwarded to Government.

The Hon'ble Mr. Orr had moved another amendment to the effect that the report be referred back to the Committee for reconsideration. Mr. Orr urged that the new by-laws were much more stringent than the present ones which were already too severe for the owners to abide by them profitably.

Both amendments were defeated and Mr. Jaffer's proposition was carried.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES IN BOMBAY.

The annual report on the working of the Indian Companies Act in the Bombay Presidency during 1910-11 states:—

The number of companies registered during the year was 56 against 52 in 1909-10. Of these newly registered, 53 were companies limited by shares and the remaining 3 companies limited by guarantee. One company that was under liquidation was revived by the order of the Court. The number of Companies limited by shares are classified as follows:—Banking and loan 4; insurance 3; navigation 3; railways and tramways 3; trading 26; mills and presses 12; planting 1; and others 1.

It will appear that there is a decline under banking and loan, trading, mining, and others and an increase under insurance, navigation, railways and tramways and mills and presses. Both the decrease and increase are slight and due to ordinary fluctuations.

The number of companies that went into liquidation during the year under report was 28. Of these four were finally dissolved, thus making, with the five companies that went under liquidation during the past years and finally dissolved during the year, a total of 9. Three provident societies also went into liquidation.

The total number of companies limited by shares which were at work at the close of the year 1910-11 were 570 with a paid-up capital of Rs. 22,76,16,650 against 544 in the preceding year with the aggregate paid-up capital of Rs. 22,41,81,637. This indicates an increase of 26 companies with a paid-up capital of Rs. 35,35,013. The total number of companies limited by guarantee that existed at the close of the year was 24 against the same number in the previous year. Six companies increased their nominal capital by Rs. 50,70,000 and 143 companies increased their paid-up capital to the extent of Rs. 88,81,324. There was only one company that reduced its nominal capital, while six companies reduced their paid-up capital. The total reduced nominal and paid-up capitals amounted to Rs. 20,000 and Rs. 50,13,174 respectively.

The total fees realised exhibits an increase of Rs. 3,570-2-0 in the receipts over the figures of the preceding year. It is mainly due to the registration of new companies with larger nominal capital.

BOMBAY LAND RECORDS.

Criticism of Circle Inspectors.

The following Bombay Government resolution reviewing the annual report of the Department of Land Records for the Presidency, including Sind, for the year 1909-10, is published:—

During the year 1909-10 the maintenance of the record of rights continued to be one of the most important of the operations with which the Department of Land Records is concerned. The initial record was completed for all Government villages throughout the Presidency proper, and the revision and re-writing of the record in those talukas where it was first promulgated was undertaken in new forms, of which the principal feature is the recording of tenancies in a register separate from that containing the entries of rights of a more permanent character. A still more important development was the transition from the experimental stage of the new system of land revenue accounts, under which the actual occupant as recorded in the record is held primarily responsible for the revenue due on land. Apart from valuable benefits which the change will be the means of introducing in the land revenue administration, it is already proving of great effect in impressing on land-holders the importance of the record and in inducing them to assist in its maintenance. In the latter respect a good deal still remains to be done. The village accountant and will not perform properly this part of his duties without close supervision, and the supervision at present exercised through the existing Circle Inspector staff is undoubtedly inadequate. The other outstanding problem of importance connected with the record—the measurement and mapping of sub-divisions—involves legislation as well as the creation of an efficient agency for the performance of the task.

Of the Land Records establishments the Circle Inspector staff is the most closely connected with the ordinary administration and it continues to be the subject of much adverse criticism. There is, however, good ground for believing that, apart from deficiencies which may exist in the manner of its recruitment, in its training and in its prospects, it has been given in the past a task greater than it could accomplish efficiently. In many instances it has been found necessary to relieve the staff of a portion of the boundary marks repairs entrusted to it by employing temporary establishments remunerated out of the fees levied from the land-holders whose marks are repaired, and in addition the annual programme of this work has been revised and curtailed in nearly all districts. In consequence of this latter measure improved results and smoother working have been reported by several Collectors. The commonest criticism of the Circle Inspectors is that they fail as efficient measures and as supervisers. As regards measurement, a change was made during the year in the course of survey and settlement training which they are required to undergo, and the results are described as fairly good, though they are considerably below the standard reached last year. In the actual disposal of measurement cases, some relief was afforded as usual, by the engagement of special measures remunerated from fees paid by private parties and the opinion seems to be gaining ground that all measurement work should be allotted to a part of the permanent staff reserved for this purpose. Meantime, the question of securing a closer control over the disposal of measurement cases is under separate consideration. Efforts should be made to reduce the heavy arrears of these cases in the districts of Bijapur, Ratnagiri, Belgaum and Satara. As regards supervision it is again reported that during the year the Circle Inspectors' check of the record of rights was frequently only nominal. the question of providing additional agency for this work is under consideration. Proposals for improving the prospects of the Circle Inspector staff have been approved by Government.

The course of survey training for village accountants was, like that of Circle Inspectors, also varied during the year, and the tests taken, though incomplete, were satisfactory so far as they went. They are of less interest now as these classes have been temporarily discontinued. The object of imparting the training is to have all sub-divisions of survey numbers correctly measured and entered in the record of rights, but it is impossible to attain this object until the legislation already referred to has been undertaken. Steps were taken during the year to give effect to the instructions of Government that efficient and energetic village accountants who are qualified in survey should be promoted to Circle Inspectorships.

The technical duties of the Department appear to have been satisfactorily performed. The District Inspectors and their offices are generally well reported on, and the special establishments employed on survey and settlement work carried out a considerable volume of work which was tested by the superior officers of the Department. An important branch of these technical duties was the city survey operations in four urban centres. The registers of these surveys are for urban areas what the record of rights is for ordinary agricultural lands and in their case also operations are meantime restricted pending the completion of legislation which will secure some degree of finality for certain decision of the city survey officers.

Excepting a month when the Hon. Mr. G. S. Curtis was in charge, the Department was under the control of Mr. F. G. Pratt throughout the year and the Governor in Council has much pleasure in acknowledging the ability and energy with which it was administered and the value of the assistance and advice afforded to Government by both Messrs. Curtis and Pratt in the discussion of the many important administrative problems with which the Department is intimately concerned. He is pleased also to endorse the Director's commendation of the work of the Superintendents and of his Personal Assistant.

In Sind, a large amount of survey and connected routine work was satisfactorily executed. The preparation of the record of rights was continued and Government are gratified that the new system of revenue accounts based on it was introduced successfully in selected talukas.

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE OFFICE.

THE affairs of the above company continue to be of that steadily progressive character which have marked the reports of the directorate during the past few years. The document submitted to the shareholders at the fourteenth annual general meeting, held at Bombay, was of a decidedly congratulatory nature, and evidences the fact that the business of the company is being administered with discrimination and success, and that the prospects for the forthcoming quinquennial valuation are distinctly encouraging. During the year ended 28th February last, 5,236 life proposals were made to the company for assurances totalling Rs. 83,02,250. Of this number 3,650 resulted in the issue of policies and the remainder were either declined or accepted on terms which have not been acceded to by the proposers, or are awaiting completion. The new assurances completed amounted to Rs. 55,26,000, at premiums of Rs. 2,99,040. The total number of policies in force on the books of the company is 16,267, assuring Rs. 2,56,69,493 and of this amount Rs. 5,46,139 are re-assured. The mortality experience was very favourable, and an eloquent testimony, to the care exercised in the selection of lives Claims were paid for Rs 1,69,673 owing to the death of 126 persons and for Rs. 30,382 in respect of 20 matured endowment policies. It is especially gratifying that so few claims occurred during a time when, owing to pestilence of the utmost severity, an exceptionally high mortality had been generally experienced in India. The economy in management which distinguished former reports was well maintained, the total expenditure being only Rs. 2,95,450. The transactions of the year resulted in the life assurance fund being increased by Rs. 9,61,084, and it now stands at Rs. 43,56,180. The association also transacts Fidelity Guarantee business, which is not, as yet, on a large scale. Bonds for Rs. 8,77,650 were issued and premiums in respect thereof amounted to Rs. 8,459. The business is stated to be of a satisfactory character, and showing signs of increase Claims amounting to Rs. 2,192 were paid. The directors were able to recommend a dividend of 21 1-4 per cent. on the paid-up capital which, with the bonus of 3 3-4 per cent., made a total distribution to shareholders of 25 per cent. for the last year. An enviable declaration for those whose capital is intrusted to the company, and a glaring contrast to matters in this country, where even depositors who have invested their savings at a modest 2 1-2 per cent. may meet with a possible 50 per cent. confiscation.—"Insurance Record."

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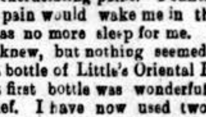

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Ismaila 3,381 tons, Captain J. K. Rose, sailed on Thursday for Colombo &c., with the same bottom cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Orissa 3,525 tons, Captain P. E. Lyne, sailed on Thursday for Java, with ballast.

The steamer Bullmouth, 2,606 tons, Captain I. Powell, will sail to-day for Aroe Bay in ballast.

The Wilson Line steamer Buffalo 2,582 tons, Captain H. Chilton, will sail to-day for Hull via Karachi with a general and the same bottom cargo.

The Japan Line steamer Bingo Maru, 3,873 tons, Captain K. Soyeda, will sail to-day for Kobe &c., with a general cargo and 3 deck passengers.

The steamer Shah Jehan, 2,635 tons, Captain D. McBean sailed on Thursday for Jedah, with 1,381 pilgrims.

The steamer Umona, 2,238 tons, Captain H. A. Mitchell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Natal, with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Drumeldrie, 2,926 tons, Captain McMahon, arrived in harbour yesterday from Java, via Colombo with a cargo of sugar.

The steamer Helios 860 tons, Captain A. Knaidsen arrived in harbour on Wednesday evening from Bangkok, with a cargo of timbers, and 5 deck passengers.

The steamer Belle of France 2,469 tons Captain J. P. Cargill, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Gerd, 757 tons, Captain A. H. Andreasen, arrived in harbour yesterday from Bangkok with a cargo of timber and 15 deck passengers.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Wednesday 23rd Aug. should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

R I M S Dufferin...Comdr...Huddleston ...R I Marine
R I M S Hardinge ...Comdr ... ...Luck......R I Marine
R I M S Northbrook ...Comdr ...Shearm ......R I Marine
R I M S Mayo...Lt Comdr ... ...Jones.....R I Marine
R I M S Palinurus ......Lt W Taylor ......Survey Vessel

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Aug. 24.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
B Wildenfels	3535	Wilemnann	Antwerp	2-9	W & A Graham & Co
B Okara	3438	Moth	Karachi	22-8	M M & Co
D&E Buffalo	2593	Chilton	Hull	25-8	J Finlay & Co
G Mahammadi	1251	Newby		28-8	B & P S N Co
K Bingo Maru	3873	Soyeda	Kobe	25-8	N U Kaisha
N Westburn	2013	Hutchinson	Mary Port	26-8	W & A Graham & Co
P Gothic	2470	Walterworth	Port Said	1-9	T Morrison & Co
Q St Fillans	2307	Sutherland	Antwerp	30-8	W & A Graham & Co
Virawa	2176	Emmett	Calcutta	26-8	M M & Co
VICTORIA DOCK.					
3 Icesmere	2316	Hunter			T Morrison & Co
4 Oolobaria	3151	Kennedy	Calcutta	23-8	M M & Co
6 Chyebassa	3992	Wodge	Antwerp	7-9	M M&Co
7 Koerber	3157	Foresti	Trieste	1-9	A L S N Co
10&11 Delhi	4900	Brodshaw	Shanghai	13-9	P & O Co
12 & 13 Caledonia	3429	Snow			P & O Co
14 Linga	951	Rothwell	Karachi	25-8	M M & Co
16 Somali	1615	Kasch	Zanzibar	21-8	A Strandes Co
B I Dock					
Kola	510	Morrison			M M & Co
Offside N					
Malda	1250	Morrison	Persian Gulf	30-8	M M & Co
M W D D					
Lawoo	1317	Francis	Repairing		H T Ayoob

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessels	Commanders	From
23	Helios	Knaidsen	B'kok, July 29
24	Belle of France	Cargill	Calcutta, Aug 10
	Gerd	Andreasen	B'kok, July 4
	Umona	Mitchell	Natal, July 31
	Drumeldrie	McMahon	Java, July 30

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commanders	Destination.
24	Shah Jehan	McBean	Jedah
	Ismaila	Rose	Colombo, &c
	Orissa	Lyne	Java

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—

Steamer Bullmouth, Powell, for Aroe Bay
" Buffalo, Chilton, for Hull, &c
" Bingo Maru, Soyeda, for Kobe, &c

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

a Steamer Messina, for Liverpool, &c
a " Kirkfield, for Liverpool, &c
" Delhi, for China, &c
" Wildenfels, for Hamburg, &c
" Foreric, for Philadelphia
" Umona, for Liverpool, &c
" Gerd, for Bangkok, &c
" Helios, for Bangkok, &c

A To arrive.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Societa Nazionale di Servizi Marittimi Co's S. S. D Balduino, from Genoa left Suez for Aden and Bombay on the 24th instant. And the same Co's steamer Iscuia left Singapore for Penang, and Bombay on the 23rd instant. And the same Co's steamer R Rubattino left Aden for Suez and Genoa on the 23rd instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 24.

FOR LONDON.

Caledonia s—2,000 cwts linseed, Sanday and Co; 1,000 cwts rapeseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR HULL.

Umona s—8,000 cwts castorseed, 1,000 cwts cottonseed, Volkart Bros; 5,000 cwts cottonseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chyebassa s—115 bales hemp, Kiddle Reeve and Co; 224 cwts gum, M Jafferbhoy; and 1,240 cwts bonepieces, Croft Mody and Co; 4,000 cwts crushed bones, R Kaderbhoy; 10,660 cwts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

St Fillans s—2,000 cwts linseed, K Devchand and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Irismere s—4,000 cwts mowraseed, W Blythe and Co; 30,000 cwts mowraseed, 1,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 1,100 cwts ajwanseed, Volkart Bros; 4,000 cwts wheat flour, D Merwanjee; 287 cwts gum, S Cooverjee and Co; 5,000 cwts mowraseed, 1,000 cwts groundnuts, E D Sassoon and Co; 500 cwts weedseed, Baner and Krause.

Wildenfels s—105cwts gum, J Merbheram and Co; 800 cwts myrabollams, A Khimji; 110 bales cotton, P Vishram and Co; 201 cwts gum, M Jaferbhoy.

FOR MIDDLESBRO.

Umona s—2,500 cwts manganese ore, T Morrison and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Caledonia s—4 bales woollen carpets, King King and Co.

Foreric s—4,218 cwts myrabollams, A Khimjee; 200 cwts cashewnuts, M. Jafferbhoy; 2,000 cwts castorseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Foreric s—2,000 tons manganese ore, R A Willis.

FOR TRIESTE.

Koerber s—220 bales cotton, Gaddam and Co.

FOR ODESSA.

Koerber s—300 cwts turmeric, Nusserwanji and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Koerber s—1 bundle carpets, S. Smidt and Co.

FOR BATOUM.

Koerber s—200 cwts turmeric, Nusserwanji and Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

Gothic s—6,500 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Assaye s—300 bales twist, the M B Kaisha; 64 chests opium, 50 bales twist, 24 bales piecegoods E D Sassoon and Co; 14 chests opium, C Bamonji and Co.

Bingo Maru s—107 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Assaye s—24 chests opium, D Sassoon and Co; 150 chests opium, 22 chests piecegoods, E D Sassoon and Co; 26 chests opium, 10 1-2 chests opium, C. Bamonji and Co.

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"Sec. Y. M. M. A."—Your account is sent us too long after the event.

"W. T. H."—Not a matter of public interest.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 25th August, 1911.

MILITARY CIRCUMLOCUTION OFFICE.

PROBABLY the most readable article in the current reviews is that by Colonel Callwell, in "Blackwood" entitled "War Office Reminiscences." Probably the new Army Council has changed all things Colonel Callwell remembers and there is no inefficiency at the War Office to-day; but in the days of which he writes—and those not very long ago—there was very much which was not creditable to the nation. No public institution in the country comes in for more criticism than the War Office and, says Colonel Callwell, a good deal of this criticism is perhaps not wholly undeserved; "but an old hand who has learnt the disabilities under which it often suffers and who is aware of the unobtrusive labours of its staff, military and civilian, realises how often adverse judgments on the department arrived at under misapprehension and recognises that sins are frequently laid to its charge which have in reality been committed by other branches of the public service." Colonel Callwell gives instances. Dealing with the Intelligence Department of the War Office and indicating its shortcomings, he tells us that a portion of the funds, placed at the disposal of the head of the Department, were for many years past allocated to providing for the charges arising out of sending its officers to visit the foreign countries with which they are concerned. Trips of this kind made sad inroads into limited periods of leave, but it was no small privilege to be enabled to visit at the public expense parts of the world which those chosen might otherwise never have seen. Many such trips fell to the lot of Colonel Callwell who relates his experience in vivid terms, but he shows that however far from efficiency our own Military Intelligence Department may have been, those of other countries were even less satisfactory. Having served one term with the Department and returning after some years to do another, he was struck by the changes which had been made in many directions. Strategical questions and problems of defence were dealt with to an extent in the old days and the branch had become to all intents and purposes the nucleus of a general staff. The status had been in many respects improved and the staff had been materially increased. But regarding it, as an Intelligence Department pure and simple, there was no very marked progress noticeable.

In one respect an immense improvement had been effected. This was in the matter of obtaining outside assistance and of freely utilising the services of officers, not in the department, for carrying out investigations for completing reports and so forth. Officers often show a remarkable public spirit in this direction, it seems, and are found ready to spend their time and their money in doing work for which they generally got little more than conventional thanks. Reports are often sent in by quite junior officers which are admirable—although they do need a little editing at times. The improvements noticeable are mostly the result of the removal of the department from Queen Anne's Gate. There it was entirely distinct from the War Office and its existence sometimes forgotten in Pall Mall—as was proved when a Royal Commission came to investigate matters in connection with the South African War. This separation, says Colonel Callwell, to some extent disappeared when the Intelligence Department moved over to Winchester House in St. James's Square and it has disappeared still further now that the whole of the Head-quarters Staff of the Army is accommodated in the one big building at Whitehall. But cases have occurred even within the last four or five years, when the existence of the Intelligence Branch on the spot has been overlooked. On one occasion he instances somebody wanted to learn something about the local force in the Malay States. These forces were of course governed by regulations like any other properly constituted military forces, and the Intelligence Section dealing with British overseas dominions naturally had full information about them at its disposal. But it appears what happened was that the Inspector of Garrison Artillery, who was about to proceed with his staff officer to Singapore and the Far East, was invited to prosecute inquiries in the Malay Peninsula. He consequently spent a week in making a journey up-country from Singapore and by dint of diligent investigations on the spot he managed to discover the correct answers to a number of questions which had been put to him. Not until his report arrived did the Intelligence Department, which had all the information at hand, become aware that the information was wanted.

According to Colonel Callwell, the management of secret papers within the War Office has always been something of a problem. The system of sending them about in sealed boxes furnished with special locks, to which only certain highly placed individuals had keys, was good in principle, but it led to delays. War Office papers wander about within the office, growing in bulk on the snowball principle and sometimes disappear in the course of their peregrinations. If they are not then discovered in the Finance Branch or if they cannot be traced to the Secretary of State, they are put on the "Search list" and the searcher is brought into requisition, the searcher being a mysterious individual who is paid £500 a year for his trouble, but he succeeds in finding the papers for which no one can account. We can well imagine, as Colonel Callwell says, that no set of circumstances is so likely to increase the volume of a War Office paper to a portentous bulk as when some branch discovers, or succeeds in persuading itself, that a matter for which it is properly responsible has been taken in hand by some other branch. "This situation always produces a tempest, the question as to whose business it is to do a thing is so much more important than whether the thing has been done." In the heat of the correspondence which ensues, the subject which was at issue is totally forgotten and it is therefore a matter for congratulation if it has been settled before the affray commences, even if it has been settled by an unauthorised branch. But Colonel Callwell has gone from the War Office now, following some of the old customs which no longer exist as the result of his operations.

* * *

THE MISSING MASTERPIECE. THE great art galleries of Europe seem to be peculiarly managed. In January last a famous masterpiece of Rembrandt was, with most culpable negligence, allowed to be mutilated by a stray visitor at the State Museum of Holland, and now we hear of a still greater outrage from Paris. From the famous palace of the Louvre the celebrated portrait known in the history of art as "Mona Lisa" or "La Gioconda" by Leonardo da Vinci is reported to have disappeared. It is most devoutly to be wished that the explanation of the mystery, that the disappearance is the result of a practical joke, turns out to be true, for otherwise the loss of this picture will be a calamity of the first order not only to the Louvre but to the world of art. The picture was originally bought by Francis I of France, in whose hands Leonardo died nearly four hundred years ago, for less than fifty thousand francs from the painter himself; but it is now absolutely priceless. Such pictures are never offered for sale even to the multimillionaires of America. They are not in private hands as are some of the pictures of later masters, but are the cherished treasures of great nations whom no considerations, however tempting, can induce to part with them. Of Leonardo we possess very few paintings which can be indisputably called his, indeed they can hardly be said to number more than ten; all the others that go under his name and are scattered about in various galleries, public and private, are really by his various pupils or imitators of his school. "Mona Lisa" is of these ten genuine pictures, and its loss can thus be imagined. Only one of these ten is in England at the National Gallery. The Louvre is especially rich in the rare works of this painter, as it possesses no less than five; and among these "Mona" may be said to occupy the foremost rank. It is justly held in the greatest esteem by all authorities as the masterly work of this, the earliest complete painter of the Rennaisance and precursor of such painters as Michael Angelo and Raphael. It was one of the two portraits of Italian ladies of Milan at which Leonardo worked for five years at the beginning of the sixteenth century. One of these, the portrait of Ginevra Bensi is lost, and the other is that of the wife of Francisco del Giocondo which has just disappeared.

Vasari, a famous countryman of Leonardo who flourished in the immediately succeeding generation and was a pupil of Michael Angelo, goes into raptures when describing this picture in his celebrated work. "Whoever shall desire to see," he writes "how far art can imitate nature, may do so to perfection in this head (of the lady) wherein every 'peculiarity that could be depicted by the utmost subtlety of the pencil has been faithfully reproduced. The eyes have the lustrous brightness and moisture which is seen in life and around them are those pale red and slightly livid circles, also proper to nature, with the lashes, which can only be copied, as these are, with the greatest difficulty, the eyebrows also are represented with the closest exactitude, where fuller and more thinly set, with the separate hairs delineated as they issue from the skin every turn being followed, and all the pores exhibited in a manner that could not be more natural than it is; the nose with its beautiful and delicately roseate nostrils might be easily believed to be alive, the mouth admirable in its outline has the lips uniting the rose tints of their colour with that of the face, in the utmost perfection, and the carnation of the cheek does not appear to be painted, but truly of flesh and blood; he who looks earnestly at the pit of the throat cannot but believe that he sees the beating of the pulses and it may be truly said that this work is painted in a manner well calculated to make the boldest master tremble and astonishes all who behold it, however well accustomed to the marvels of art. In this portrait there is so pleasing an expression and a smile so sweet that, while looking at it, one thinks it rather divine than human and it has ever been esteemed a wonderful work, since life itself could exhibit no other appearance." This was written so long ago as 1550. Succeeding critics have been no less rapturous though perhaps more scientific and philosophical. The latest, Professor Richard Muther, the well known art professor in the University of Breslau, whose history of painting has been translated into many languages, says that Leonardo has in this portrait depicted the Sphinx's riddle of woman's nature. "In this portrait at one stroke, the fulness of life and the charm of momentary expression has been attained. Painters marvelled how softly and mistily the figure arose from the background; they admired the nose which seemed to vibrate, the eye which seemed to smile, and the breast seeming to move." This celebrated picture, he thinks, affected at the time artists like a new gospel. Such a masterpiece is the artistic treasure of the whole world, and its recovery will be awaited with the greatest interest everywhere.

* * *

THE INDIAN CRICKETERS. AFTER an exciting finish the Indian cricketers have lost to Sussex at Brighton, but the defeat was by such narrow margin that they deserve to be complimented on the creditable show they made. Sussex which is the most familiar county, by name, to Indians, as the county of Ranjitsinhji, is not now such a powerful eleven as it was in the days when he and C. B. Fry were successive captains. They are now but twelfth in the championship table, but at the same time they include a number of useful men, and to run the county so closely was an achievement of which the Indian cricketers may well feel proud. It was in a great degree due to the excellent performances of Bulsara and Mulla. The former was able to secure the handsome analysis of five wickets for 30 runs. The Delhi man is essentially a wet-wicket bowler and he must have been quite in his element at Brighton, where he had the good fortune to meet with a wicket which suited his style to a nicety; and if previous to this match he has achieved nothing remarkable it has largely been, because they have had an exceptionally dry season this year at Home, and on dry wickets he is little more than a second-rate performer. Mulla has, by his brilliant innings of 54, which he contributed in 20 minutes, done something to justify his inclusion in the team. He had hitherto with the exception of one or two of the earliest matches proved one of the few failures of the team. He has managed to get back to form just in time, to do something, for the Indians have now only one more match to play, against Gloucestershire. They may be expected to give the Western County a good game and thus fittingly to conclude a tour which, if it has been a little disappointing to local enthusiasts, has not been without its successes and in experience must have been very valuable. Their form in their concluding matches shows that the Indians are capable of profiting from experience, and confirms the suggestion which we made a few weeks ago, that it might have been better for them, if more of their first-class matches could have been arranged for the latter part of the tour.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "China," with the outward mails of the 18th instant, passed Suez at 3 a. m. on Thursday.

SIR LANCELOT HARE arrived in Calcutta on Thursday morning and will leave at 9-12 p. m. A salute of 15 guns was fired to announce his arrival.

THE late Mr. Justice Boddam's statue will be erected in Walajaroad, Madras, near the south-eastern corner of the Bodyguard lines. It will be unveiled by H. E. the Governor prior to his departure from Madras.

IT is stated that the All-India Congress Committee will meet at Allahabad on Saturday, the 28th October, to consider amendments to the constitution of the Congress proposed by the United Bengal Congress Committee, and any other amendments that may be put forward.

DURING the week ending August 22, 120½ chests of opium were removed from the Government Warehouse, Bombay, of which number 115 were purchased by the Bombay Government and five and a half by the opium farmer at Ahmedabad. Twenty-one chests were imported into Bombay, during the same period, from Indore.

THE London correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian* hears that Mr. John Fortescue, the Librarian at Windsor Castle, is to accompany the Royal party to India to write the official account of the tour. He adds :—"It is an excellent choice. Mr. Fortescue's 'History of the British Army' is one of the best written books of its time."

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending August 19 was 574, giving a death-rate of 30-52 per annum per thousand as against 34-03 the corresponding period of last year, and 37-22, the average over the past five years. Of the total number 50 died from fevers; 20, plague; 2, small-pox; 3, cholera; 2, leprosy; 36, phthisis; 29, diseases of the nervous system; 143 affections of the respiratory organs; 48, diarrhœa; 25, dysentery; 40, still-born; 80, old age and debility; 13, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain, 21; Brahmin, 22; Bhattia, 6; Hindu of other caste, 265; Hindu low caste, 51; Musalman, 153; Parsi, 19; Jew 2; Native Christian, 31; Eurasian, 1; European, 3. The total number of births was 421 as against 394 for the corresponding period of last year, and 366, the average over the past five years.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, AUGUST 4.

The beautiful summer weather we have been having for some time continues in unwonted splendour; really we have not known a season like this for many years. But, delightful as are these long days of unbroken sunshine, there is another aspect to be considered, for the long drought is beginning to tell very seriously on the crops, the vegetables, and the flower-gardens. For instance, I hear from the Midlands that the drought is proving a grave matter there, for although there has been rain in the North and the South, none has fallen for weeks in the centre of England, and all owners of land are greatly depressed at the prospect before them. This year's hay crop is wretched, and as there is hardly a green blade in the fields for the cattle, the farmers have to feed their beasts prematurely on the winter stock, which will be exhausted long before the usual time. Villagers have to fetch water in pails from long distances, and reservoirs are lower than ever before. In one town that I know, the population are begged not to use baths, unless absolutely necessary, as the water supply will be exhausted in ten days. And there is no sign of rain, lawns are as brown as an Indian meadow. It appears, however, that we are not the only sufferers. From a telegram in a daily paper I see that the Indian monsoon if failing, and may lead to famine, so we need not grumble, but have much to be thankful for potatoes and winter vegetables will be dearer with us, but that is a small matter. Also I hear hay will be expensive.

WOMAN AGAIN.

In a truly hot weather discussion as to the comparative inquisitiveness of women and men, I see that an extraordinary confusion is made between being inquisitive and being observant. In order to "test" the case (of inquisitiveness), a reporter stationed himself at Charing Cross, and noticed that in five minutes, out of one hundred people who passed, twenty men looked round to watch passers-by and ten women. The deduction is that men are more "inquisitive" than women. But is it inquisitive to show some interest in what is going on around you? There is no proof at all that the thirty per cent. who looked round were moved by an inquisitive interest in their fellow-men. Some may have looked round in mere idleness, some more from an æsthetic interest in some beautiful face, some more from habit, others because on a walk they are observant, and notice every person and every thing that they pass. Even granted that a few were "inquisitive," is inquisitiveness a failing? When thousands of people are "inquisitive" about a £10,000 air race, no one blames them. When people take to reading letters which are not addressed to them, and looking over or through hedges into other people's gardens just to see what other people are doing, and asking who people are with no reasonable ground for wanting to know, then we get inquisitiveness in a disagreeable form. And I think no one can assert that this sort of inquisitiveness is peculiarly feminine.

ROYALTIES.

The King and Queen of Spain arrived in London at the Ritz Hotel, about the middle of the week, and lunched with the King and Queen at Buckingham Palace on Thursday, but Their Majesties are leaving for the Isle of Wight, where they will stay with the Queen's mother, Princess Henry of Battenberg. The young King immediately took advantage of his stay in London to play polo at Hurlingham, whilst the Queen visited one or two of the theatres with her brothers, and Their Majesties also received a visit from King Manuel of Portugal and Queen Amelie. Prince Maurice of Battenberg came to meet his sister on her arrival, and was staying with her at the Ritz Hotel, where also a large number of Spanish Grandees were staying. The Prince of Wales went to the Scala Theatre on Monday, and was, I hear, delighted and amused as he sat in the Royal box and saw his own figure appear in the reproduction of the Kinemacolor, and go through the great events of the last few weeks. The people in the theatre who recognised His Royal Highness cheered lustily every time the Prince's double came into evidence on the sheet. Queen Alexandra is having a command performance of the Kinemacolor at Sandringham as Her Majesty is naturally very anxious and interested to see a representation of all those Coronation processions, in which it was not possible for her to take a personal part.

COWES.

Cowes is enjoying glorious sunshine for the Regatta. All the morning steamers from Portsmouth and Southampton were full of passengers, who came to the island in the hope of obtaining a glimpse of the King and Queen, as well as of the King and Queen of Spain. King George did not go ashore during the morning, but shortly after noon took advantage of the brilliant weather to go for a short cruise on board his Majesty's old cutter, Britannia. The Prince of Wales and Princess Mary were also of the party, as well as the Marquise de Several and the Earl and Countess of Shaftesbury.

A ROYAL PARTY.

The Queen of of Spain and her mother, Princess Henry of Battenberg, came into the garden of the Squadron Castle, having motored from Osborne with the Princess Christian and Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein. Queen Victoria Eugenia was much admired in a trimly cut coat and skirt of white serge, and over her large white hat was a white veil of rather thick lace. Princess Christian was attired in dark blue serge, slightly trimmed with black and gold braid. Princess Henry of Battenberg wore a coat and skirt of ivory-coloured serge, and Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein was quietly dressed in a light grey tweed coat and skirt.

WOMAN AND THE VOTE.

Sir William Lyne, Treasurer of the Australian Commonwealth and ex-Premier of New South Wales, was the principal speaker yesterday at the last weekly meeting of the Women's Social and Political Union before the summer recess. Miss Christabel Pankhurst, who presided over a large gathering at the London Pavilion, referred, in her opening address, to the scene which took place in the House of Commons at the beginning of last week as being based on the same tactics and justified upon the same principle as those of the militant Suffragists. After quoting letters from Lord Stanmore and the Earl of Berkeley, advocating resistance to the passing of the Parliament Bill, she said it would be interesting to see whether the Lords had as much pluck as the women, and whether Lord Berkeley and those who followed his advice were prepared to go to prison for their principles. (Cheers and laughter.) But for the example of the "Suffragists" we should not have seen members of the Houses of Lords and Commons standing up for militant tactics as we did to-day.

Sir William Lyne said twenty years ago, when he introduced a woman's suffrage measure into the New South Wales Legislature, the most fantastic objections were raised. Women, it was said, did not want the vote; they did not understand it; it would separate husband and wife, break up society and the family circle; unsex women, and make them less anxious to marry. Well, they had seen the effects in New South Wales and in the Commonwealth. At the first Commonwealth election, 9 per cent. more women than men voted, and at the subsequent elections the women had voted in quite as large numbers as the men, if not large. Their vote had purified the Commonwealth Parliament, so that he believed he was safe in saying that it was one of the model Parliaments of the world. There was less drink. Only about six members drank a glass of grog, and a large percentage were teetotalers. If a man had a stain on his character, out he went, particularly if it were a moral stain. It had been said that women would vote only for the best-looking men; but there were ugly men in the Commonwealth Parliament who had been sent there by women's votes. (Laughter.) Women's suffrage had had 'not a conservative, but a steadying effect on legislation—an effect which was most marked and most beneficial.

LADY ARTISTS.

An artist once told me in an emphatic, confident way that women might paint pretty pictures, but they would never number among them a really great artist. That is, of course, a very moot point, but it seems to me that, leaving out Angelica Kauffman and Rosa Bonheur, there are living women whose work effectually confutes my friend's statement. America possesses several women painters of rare individual talents, but to concern ourselves with British women who have scored in the world of art will be sufficient for the day. In front of all stand out two Englishwomen, both veterans among painters. These two, Lady Butler and Lucy Kemp-Welch, both curiously enough, excel in the portraya of horses; both have won their fame by real hard work. Lady Butler, as Miss Elizabeth Thompson, gave the art critics a sensation when she showed her well-known picture, "The Roll Call," at the 1874 Academy. Many marvelled that such a piece of work could be the creation of a woman's hand and brain, and the picture won the particular praise of that rare old soldier Prince, the late Duke of Cambridge. Since then Lady Butler has painted many pictures full of power and plot, all literally breathing of life and action, but no one of her works will ever supplant "The Roll Call" in the affections of the many who love this moving picture. Some one once called Miss Lucy Kemp-Welch "the English Rosa Bonheur," but clever woman though she is, she cannot equal that mystic Frenchwoman—the Emily Bronte of Art. Miss Kemp-Welch shows greatest distinction in her horse pictures, and the finest of them all is "Colt Hunting in the New Forest." This wonderful pulsating canvas obtained the rare distinction—for a woman—of being purchased by the Chantrey Bequest for the Tate Gallery as one of the most vital works of British artists. So far as classical painting goes, Mrs. Ernest Normand ("Henrietta Rae") occupies a unique and unchallenged place among living women. As a tiny child she seemed to possess great artistic talent, and when a young girl was encouraged by Millais and Frith to take up such a career. In all her classical pictures—"Lancelot and Elaine," "Ophelia," and others—we find the same fine glowing individuality which makes us forget that the subjects are a little hackneyed in character, and we admire them for their grand merits and worth. Mrs. Normand—whose husband, incidentally, is as clever a painter as herself!—has exhibited almost annually in London, Paris, and New York, and in each place the same encomiums of praise are given to her work. In an utterly different style from the foregoing are the charming child pictures which have come from the brush of Mrs. Scanes, whom we best know by the name of Maude Goodman. Some clever woman wrote once that the secret of Maude Goodman's success lay in her sympathy with the age she lived in, and the fact that she gave it the most attractive presentment of what it cares for most. There is a Kate Greenaway note somewhere in her pictures, but it is Kate Greenaway without any stiff quaintness, and Maude Goodman's pictures possess an attractiveness all their own. The one by which she leapt into fame is still dear to our hearts—the painting of a picturesque child gazing into a fine old grandfather clock with wistful demand, "Want to see the Wheels go Wound." The goldenhaired boy in the picture was Mrs. Scanes' own baby, and it is rather interesting to know that in all her most successful child pictures her own lovely children have been her models.

AUGUST.

But the greatest glory of the August night, better even than her filmy dusk or shine of stars, is the wonder of her harvest-moon. Rounder and fuller at every rising, now like a lamp of gold, she lights the ripened fields. Day by day and week by week have the broad seas of waving green on either side, the winding roads exchanged their green for gold, and then for golden-brown. The grain is ready. What days so glorious as those of harvest! What work so primitive, so full of joy! See, now, the full sheaves leaning against each other in the shorn fields! The drowsy sleep-flowers, once so dazzling, are withered now, but who shall sigh for them? They and the corn and the wheat and the smaller flowers between all grew and lived together—together they laid down their happy lives. These lines remind me of a scene I witnessed the other day. I was sitting quietly in a garden and across a sunk fence was a corn field. There was a reaper at work, but very little of the corn remained standing. It was mostly in "sheaves leaning against each other." Suddenly a baby hare came tearing across the field and reached the sunk fence: poor thing, it was so frightened. Then some boys saw it and ran after it, back it went into the standing corn, then an old fashioned gun was fetched by one of the men in the field. How I watched that little hare! I heard the gun fire, but a grand miss, and again the little fellow ran for the sunk fence and was so close to me, if I could only have told him to come across he would have been quite safe. For quite two hours, until the poor little beast was exhausted, did it keep appearing and disappearing. Finally a big black dog, was after him, and I feared to look, but fear made him bold and where the sunk fence was not so deep, he raced across and got safely into a wood, where the dog could not follow.

NEW SHOES.

Numbers of white shoes and boots are to be seen, but these are a snare for any but the women who can boast of pretty feet. Nut-brown suede-kid is much more generally becoming, while mauve suede, or, indeed, any other colour rather than pure white, may be preferred. The choice is wide and the shoemakers consult all tastes.

Linen is attractively cool for footgear, but it is a little hard looking. It is exceedingly smart, however, when embroidered, and even a single motif of solid embroidery will make it a smart and dressy shoe at once. In the French watering place linen, like kid, is used in colours as well as in white, and this completes the toilette very prettily and successfully. The black velvet shoe with high heel is also patronised, its comfort perhaps atoning for its unseasonableness. Parisiennes cling to high heels, and the summer shoes—like the spring shoes—err on this side. As a matter of fact, however, when wearing these ultra-smart chaussures, the Frenchwoman does not take long walks. She drives, sits, or reclines and saves her heels and ankles from permanent injury.

THE QUESTION OF MILLINERY.

Fashion is always a little premature in the matter of autumn millinery. There are already sun hats, which are a combination of felt and straw. One expects to put the question of felt aside except for the Scotch moors until September, but the Parisienne generally appears with some indication of these autumn modes during the season of the plages. A white felt brim with straw crown is, however, one of the newest freaks, which promises to have a great deal of immediate success, the combination being a decidedly effective one. Dull red is a colour this season which is to be seen a good deal on the plages. One of the leading milliners has designed a very effective model in dull red straw, which has a large beehive crown covered with narrow frills of lace, and a turned-down brim of dull red straw; this is supplemented with a stiff piece of black velvet, like a Medici collar, which is set at a backward angle right over the hat, beginning at the edge of the brim and passing straight over the high crown to descend again on the other side over the ear. An imitation ostrich feather, made of fine black Chantilly lace, is set in a backward curve on the left side.

RADIO-TELEGRARHY IN INDIA.

Details of Installations.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 24.

The extension of radio-telegraphy in India, is now to be systematically carried out. The route from Calcutta to Jutogh (Simla) by way of Allahabad and Delhi was chosen in the first instance and installations are nearing completion. The next station to the north will be at Lahore and this will be put in touch with Karachi. Later on Peshawar will doubtless be included in the system. In the west, an installation is to be given to Bombay and another to Nagpur. The necessary funds will be provided within the next year and there should be no difficulty in carrying out the work.

HINDU UNIVERSITY SCHEME.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANKIPORE, AUGUST 24.

As a result of the Hon. Malaviya's appeal for funds for a Hindu University, over fifty thousand rupees have already been subscribed. Among large donations promised are those of Babu Hira Singh Choudhary, Rs. 10,000; Messrs. Hassan Imam, S. Sinha, Krishna Sahai, Purnendunarain Sinha and of Babu Jagannath Sahai, Rs. 5,000 each. It is estimated that Patna will contribute at least one lakh. The deputation, headed by the Hon'ble Malaviya and prominent Beharees, will soon be visiting Chapra, Muzaffarpore, Darbhanga, Bhagalpore, Monghyr and other places.

THE BRITISH STRIKES.

JEWISH SHOPS LOOTED IN WALES.

General Strike of Carmen Threatened.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, August 23.

The Railway Commission to-day held a formal meeting to arrange its method of procedure and then adjourned until Monday.

LONDON, August 23.

Considerable comment has been excited by the recent attacks on Jews in Wales. The rioters allege that these attacks are the culmination of long-standing grievances. They say that the Jews are the owners of much property, that they have monopolised certain trades and raised prices, and only let houses to tenants buying their furniture from Jewish shops. They further declare that the Jews have been merciless in their evictions.

Newspapers of all shades of opinion hope that there will be no repetition of the outbreak.

LONDON, August 24.

New trouble has arisen, and a general strike of carmen is threatened.

A deputation of the Liverpool Strike Committee has come to London to confer with the railwaymen's leaders, and with the National Transport Workers' Federation, with the object of bringing about a national stoppage unless the tramwaymen are re-instated. It was resolved to telegraph to the Lord Mayor of Liverpool, the Board of Trade and the Premier, asking whether the tramwaymen would be reinstated at noon to-day. It is hoped that Mr. Askwith, of the Board of Trade, who has gone to Liverpool, will settle the trouble.

The Radical papers denounce the obstinacy of the Tory corporation in not reinstating the tramwaymen.

There was rioting, last night, on the borders of Glamorgan and Monmouthshire, both English and Jewish shops being looted and wrecked. Soldiers were despatched to the district. Other localities are quiet though Tredegar and the Rhymney Valley are still guarded by troops, owing to the menacing attitude of the mob.

THE BAGHDAD RAILWAY.

Porte's Reply to British Note Awaited.

LONDON, August 23.

Reuter's Agency states that Britain has ade no new proposal with regard to the aghdad Railway since her note to Turkey July last, which had reference, *inter alia*, qual international financial participation the Baghdad-Persian Gulf section.

The Turkish reply to the note has not yet been received. Negotiations are still in progress in Constantinople.

THE CONSERVATIVE PARTY.

Resignations over Passing of the Veto Bill.

LONDON, August 24.

Replying to a correspondent, who pointed out that numerous members of Unionist Associations were resigning owing to their dissatisfaction regarding the Veto Bill affair, Mr. Austen Chamberlain has replied urging loyalty to the party, and asking for work, extending and popularising its organisations.

JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Commonwealth Ministers Deny Hostility.

LONDON, August 24.

A message from Melbourne to the *Standard* states that Mr. Pearce, the Minister for Defence, and Mr. Batchelor, the Minister for External Affairs, have returned from a visit to Japan and declared that they saw no evidences of the supposed hostility of Japan towards Australia.

THE AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

Tactics of Speculators.

WASHINGTON, August 24.

A conference of southern Senators and Congressmen, many of whom were themselves large cotton growers, was held to consider a circular advising planters to hold cotton for thirteen cents a pound. A committee was formed to urge the State Banking Associations to co-operate against the "Bear" tactics of speculators.

CANADIAN ELECTIONS.

Probable Victory for the Liberals.

LONDON, August 24.

An Ottawa telegram to the *Standard* states progress of the election campaign, hows no cause for reconsidering dictions that Sir Wilfrid Laurier vernment will be returned with a very similar to the last.

WAR INSURANCE.

LONDON, August 24.

The war insurance business at Lloyds increased, yesterday and rates stiffened in numerous cases. Cargo about to be shipped to Europe was insured for half a crown per cent.

M. CAMBON RETURNS TO LONDON.

Conference at Foreign Office.

NEGOTIATIONS WITH GERMANY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, August 23.

M. Cambon, the French Ambassador to Great Britain, has returned to London and had a long conference at the Foreign Office this afternoon.

PARIS, August 24.

It is understood that M. Jules Cambon French Ambassador in Berlin, and the French Government, are preparing a programme of negotiations with Germay the gist of which will be communicated to Sir Edward grey.

The French Press now displays a calmer tone and is unanimous that the situation is not to be regarde as grave. It is reported that France is prepared to make further concessions, provided that Germany's recognition of her position and rights in Morocco is absolute.

TRAGEDY IN YORKSHIRE.

Lieutenant Commits Suicide.

LONDON, August 24.

Lieutenant R. A. B. Low, Highland Light Infantry, has committed suicide while staying with his sister in Yorkshire. Lieut. Low was invalided home as the result of injuries sustained whilst playing polo in India. He was depressed at the idea of returning to India in October, and it was noticed that his actions recently had been peculiar.

At the inquest yesterday a verdict was returned of "suicide during temporary insanity."

RAJA OF SARAWAK'S HEIR HONOURED.

Title Approved by the King.

LONDON, August 24.

King George has approved the granting of the title of Highness to the Raja Muda, the eldest son of the Raja of Sarawak, with precedence after the heirs of the Indian Princes.

THE MISSING PICTURE.

Reward Offered for Recovery.

LONDON, August 24.

Already private rewards of £2,000 have been offered for the recovery of the missing picture "La Joconde."

CRICKET AT HOME.

Indians Beaten by Sussex.

LONDON, August 23.

The Indians completed their second innings against Sussex for 159 runs. Sussex thus won by 10 runs.

Surrey beat Kent at the Oval by 9 runs.

Hampshire beat Yorkshire by six wickets at Portsmouth.

Middlesex drew with Notts at Nottingham but led on the first innings.

LONDON, August 24.

Mr. G. L. Jessop has declined an invitation to accompany the M. C. C. team to Australia.

OPIUM TRAFFIC TO CHINA.

PEKING, August 24.

It is understood that Britain's assent to the request that the importation of Indian opium into Manchuria, Szechuan and Shansi shall be prohibited, will follow the issue of a Rescript announcing the total abolition of cultivation in these provinces. There is an agitation for a similar prohibition in Chi-li, Fu-kien, and oher provinces.

ELEMENTARY EDUCATION.

Indian Association Support the Bill.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, August 24.

The Indian Association of Calcutta accept the main principle of Mr. Gokhale's Bill, namely, that primary education should be given free and made compulsory under necessary safeguards. They also support compulsion. In case the provisions relating to it are worked by local bodies, where elected members are in a majority, or if by committees outside local bodies, such bodies should consist of a majority of elected members representing the views of the locality.

In the case of district boards, where the elected members are in a minority, the Association think the compulsory clauses should be worked by a committee with a majority of elected members. They are also of the opinion that compulsory education should be free in all cases.

As for the financial clauses of the Bill, the Association think that it should be made obligatory upon local bodies having a certain minimum income to devote a percentage of their income to free and primary education.

Mr. Gokhale will arrive in Calcutta, on Friday morning, and will leave for Eastern Bengal on Sunday night, returning on the 2nd proximo. He will visit Faridpur, Mymensing, Barisal and Dacca. He will then proceed to Rajshahi and Berhampore. After returning to Calcutta he will proceed to Simla. His visit is in connection with his Education Bill.

SANSKRIT MANUSCRIPT.

Historical Find in Calcutta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, August 24.

An interesting Sanskrit manuscript, being an epic poem in twenty cantos, which will throw much light on the history of the Chohans from the earliest times to the reign of Surjan Sinha, Raja of Chunar, who lived in the 16th century, has been found in the Asiatic Society's buildings, in Calcutta. This manuscript, which was written by Chandra Sekhar, a contemporary of Surjan Sinha, has apparently long escaped the attention of Oriental scholars. The manuscript also includes a history of the Prithiviraj of Delhi and Ajmere, and considerable importance is attached to it for that reason.

ROYAL VISIT TO INDIA.

Programme for Delhi Durbar.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, August 23.

The commands of His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor having now been received with regard to the principal arrangements connected with the Coronation Durbar, it is possible to give an outline of the progamme of the Royal visit to Delhi.

The visit of their Imperial Majesties the King Emperor and Queen Empress to Delhi will extend from the 7th to the 16th of December, the Governor-General, arriving two days before them and leaving also on the 16th. The Royal train will arrive from Bombay at the railway station in the Selingarh station, of the Fort at Delhi, on the morning of the 7th December. Their Imperial Majesties will be received on the platform by Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Lady Hardinge, the Governors and Heads of Provinces, the Commander-in-Chief, the members of the Executive Council of the Governor General and the high officers (Military and Civil) of Government.

THE ROYAL PROCESSION.

After the high officers have been presented by His Excellency the Governor-General, their Imperial Majesties will proceed to a pavilion within the Fort wall, where the ruling Chiefs will have the honour of being presented to them.

Their Imperial Majesties will after this move in a procession from the Fort through the principal streets of the City, to the Ridge where they will be greeted, before proceeding to their camp, by the representatives of British India in a special pavilion, a short address being presented by the Vice-President of the Governor-General's Legislative Council.

The procession from the Fort will be formed in three portions. First, the procession of the Governors, Lieutenant-Governors and Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, second the Royal Procession; third, the procession of the Ruling Chiefs.

The first portion of the procession will move to the pavilion on the Ridge while the Ruling Chiefs are being presented to Their Imperial Majesties in order that the heads of Provinces may join the groups of Provincial representatives before the procession arrives there. Special arrangements have been made for purdah ladies of high rank to see this procession and also for school children to whom a place on the route has been allotted. A number of stands for spectators will be erected along the route by the Delhi Municipality, from whom places will be procurable. Seats will be reserved in the pavilion on the Ridge for official guests and the families of officers, military and civil, on duty.

The King-Emperor will receive visits from the Principal Ruling Chiefs on the afternoon of the 7th and on the morning of 8th and 9th December.

On the afternoon of the 8th His Imperial Majesty will lay the memorial stone of the All India King Edward Memorial, on the open space between the Forth and the City of Delhi. This will be made the occasion of a State ceremony, to which subscribers to the Memorial will be invited.

Sunday, the 10th December, will be a free day and Their Imperial Majesties will attend Divine Service. On the morning of Monday the 11th the King Emperor will present colours to five regiments (three British and two Indian) on the polo ground. On the afternoon of the same day, the final of the polo tournament will be played and it is hoped that Their Imperial Majesties will honour the occasion by their presence.

THE DURBAR.

The Durbar, as already announced by proclamation, will take place on Tuesday the 12th December. It will be held in the areas composed of two amphi heatres on the same site as that of Lord Lytton's Assemblage in 1877 and Lord Curzon's Durbar in 1903. The smaller of these amphitheatres is for the Governors, Commander-in-Chief, Lieutenant-Governors and other high officials; the Ruling Chiefs, the Durbar from British India and Native States, the guests in Government camps and privileged spectators The large one is intended for the general public and will accomodate over 50,000 persons, in it 5,000 places will be reserved for school children and 11,000 for spectators with tickets, the remaining portions of it will be open to the public. The arena will be occupied by troops, the total number which will be able to view the Durbar will be 100,000.

After receiving the homage of the Governors, Chiefs and representatives of British India at the Royal Shamianah within the inner amphitheatre, Their Imperial Majesties will appear at the Royal Pavilion in the centre of the arena where the Royal Proclamation will be read before the whole assemblage.

The final of the Hockey Tournament for the Indian Army will be played in the afternoon. A State banquet will be held in the King Emperor's camp on the evening of the Durbar Day and it will be followed by a reception in the Royal tents.

FAIR AND HISTORICAL EXHIBITION.

On the 13th of December His Imperial Majesty will hold a reception of Volunteer Officers and Native Officers of the Indian Army and in the afternoon a garden party for which commands will be issued will be held in the Fort. At the same time a great fair for the people will be held on the Bela below the Fort walls on which Their Imperial Majesties will appear and show themselves according to the ancient customs to their subjects below. It is hoped that the numbers present will be very large.

The arrangements for the fair are being made by the Lieutenant Governor of the Punjab. Special arrangements will be made at the garden party for Purdah ladies of high rank and one of the attractions there will be a historical exhibition in the Mumtaz Mahal arranged for by the Archæological Department.

The garden party will be followed by an illumination of the Fort and a pyrotechnic display on the Bela. Special arrangements will be made for the feeding of the poor, towards the cost of which His Majesty the King Emperor has given a large sum of money.

GRAND REVIEW OF TROOPS.

On Thursday the 14th a grand review of the troops assembled at Delhi including the Imperial Service Troops will be held. The final of the Football Tournament for the British Army will be played in the afternoon. In the evening the King Emperor will hold an investiture in the Pavilion in the Royal Camp.

On Saturday the 16th December the King Emperor and Queen Empress will leave Delhi by the Selimgarh Railway station. Their Imperial Majesties will proceed in a State Procession through the City to the Fort, the King Emperor going to Nepal and the Queen Empress to Agra. Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Lady Hardinge will leave for Debra Dun immediately after Their Majesties' departure. The heads of all Local Governments and Administrations have been invited to attend. They will arrive by the 4th December bringing with them a selected number of European and Indian representatives from their Provinces. About 150 Ruling Chiefs have also been invited to attend with their principal Sardars and Officers. They will arrive by the 2nd of December.

The Governors of Asiatic Colonies of the Crown as well as Foreign Consuls in India have also been invited and about 100 representatives of the principal journals will be the guests of the Government of India.

A camp has also been provided for some hundreds of veterans possessing certain War Medals and also for members of the various military orders who are not otherwise present at Delhi on duty.

CAMP ARRANGEMENTS.

In 1877 and 1903 the camps were spread over a very large area, on the present occasion they have been concentrated round the King Emperor's Camp and arranged on an ordered scheme, a large number of the principal ones being on the processional routes between the Royal Camp and the Durbar Arena. The Royal Camp will be situated on the site of the old cantonment on the western side of the Ridge in the same place as the camps occupied in 1877 and 1903 by Lord Lytton and Lord Curzon respectively. It will be surrounded by those of the Governors, the Commander-in-Chief, the Lieutenant-Governors and the Ruling Chiefs whom his Imperial Majesty specially desired to be located as near to his own as possible.

The camps for the representatives of the various Provinces will be located at a slightly greater distance, but within easy access of the central camp by road and railway. On the north and west, outside this great civil encampment are located the Military camps which are at a distance of 1 1-2 to 5 miles from the Royal Camp. It is anticipated that the whole encampment will have a total population of some 250,000 persons. The Colonial Governors and Foreign Consuls will be accommodated in the Foreign Department Camp which is close to all the entries of interest. In it will also reside the officers concerned in the administration and ceremonies of the Durbar.

THE PRESS CAMP.

The camp for the Press representatives is situated near to that of the King Emperor and in close proximity to the Central Telegraph Office where there will be complete arrangements for the conveyance of press messages.

Several of the existing roads in Delhi have been considerably enlarged and improved and miles of new roads have had to be constructed within the camp area. Elaborate arrangements have been made to link up railway communications with the different camps, one with the other and also with the scenes of the different ceremonies. There will be over 30 miles of of broad gauge and some 12 miles of narrow gauge, the terminal railway station on the broad gauge line called the King's-way Station being situated in the centre of the camp area, close to the principal camps. It is here that the ceremonial arrivals of the Governors, Lieutenant Governors and Ruling Chiefs except those who will arrive by metre gauge line from Rajputana and Kathiawar will take place. The railway authorities are about to issue a pamphlet containing complete information on all railway matters connected with the Durbar. The camps will be illuminated by electricity from a central power station with a generating capacity of 2,500 kilowatts, the risk of fire being thus very largely eliminated.

The water supply will be arranged for by means of two complete water installations, one for drinking purposes with its own pump stations and filter beds which will carry filtered water throughout the Central, the Military, and the Provincial Camps, and another for irrigation from the Western Jumna Canal system. A veterinary establishment will be available and a central motor garage with repair shops, petrol supply. The dairy and other supplies for the camps will be arranged for, by means of a special dairy equipped with new appliances and managed by the Director of Military Farms and of a central market where all the principal supply trades will be represented with subsidiary branches in the outlying areas.

PLAGUE PRECAUTIONS.

A complete equipment of camp hospitals and dispensaries is being provided and every precaution is being taken against all forms of epidemic disease. A special plague officer has been appointed for Delhi City and an officer of the Indian Medical Service, an Assistant Surgeon and a Sub-Assistant Surgeon in each of the five contiguous revenue subdivisions in this area. There are also 123 local plague officers in this area and the Delhi City are now entirely free from plague.

A large force of police, drawn mostly from the Punjab, will be located at Delhi during the Durbar period for traffic and other duty. In connection with traffic arrangements a special force of British non-commissioned officers and men, some for mounted and some for foot police duty, is now being trained. The Delhi Durbar Police Act, 1902, has been re-enacted providing penalties for nuisances and breaches of the traffic regulations within the Durbar area.

In addition to the Central Post and Telegraph Offices in the Camp there will be thirty-one branch Post Offices and 10 branch Telegraph offices. All the camps will be linked up by telephone and public call offices will be established at convenient points.

The Review will be held on the Barari Plain where a parade ground covering over two square miles has been made. A royal pavilion has been provided for use on this occasion and on that of the military tournament, and the point to point races. The public will be accommodated in two large stands.

THE POLO GROUND.

The polo grounds of which there are three will be situated close to the centre of the camp area. The Tournament, the conditions of which have been separately announced, is open to any team from India or abroad. A pavilion will be erected for their Imperial Majesties. At the Polo Grounds there will be stands for the spectators. There will be three enclosures to one of which admission will only be gained by the possession of a pass obtained through official agency at a charge of Rs. 30 for gentlemen and Rs. 15 for ladies for thewhole period and Rs. 14 each day during the Royal Visit and Rs. 5 for each day the corresponding charge for ladies being Rs. 3. Passes are procurable on special terms by regiments. The holder of a pass is entitled to be present at all tournaments, ceremonies etc, to be held on the Polo Ground.

The Massed Band will be under the direction of Colonel Somerville and Major Stretton V. O., Commandant and Musical Director, respectively of the School of Military Music, Kneller Hall. This band will play at the principal ceremonies and also at the Polo Ground.

HOTEL ACCOMMODATION.

In addition to the camps for guests of Government and the Ruling Chiefs the limited hotel accommodation in Delhi has necessitated the provision of camps for visitors. There are four of these; in two, the Curzon House and Cecil Hotel Camps, the visitors will be located in buildings and in the others those in the Kudsia Garden and on the Nicholson Maidan in tents. The charges for the Curzon House Camp are £8 and £5, for the Kudsia camp £4-10 and the Nicholson Maidan camp £2-2. The Nicholson Camp is intended primarily for visitors from India. These charges include board, lodging, lights, fires and water etc, but not conveyances, wines or similar extras. Each camp is in charge of an officer whose duty is to see to the comfort of the visitors and to arrange accommodation for them at the principal ceremonies.

There will be a medical officer attached to the camps and the services of the best caterers in India have been secured.

All visitors are advised to reach Delhi as early as possible. The period of 20 days for which the visitors' camps are open commences on the 29th November. Prepared camping grounds are also provided at a low charge where visitors can make their own arrangements. Cards of admission and tickets for the various ceremonies can only be obtained in the case of visitors and guests in the recognised camps from the Staff Officer of each camp and in the case of others through the Local Government or Political Officer within whose jurisdiction they ordinarily reside. No applications can be entertained by the Coronation Durbar Committee except through these channels.

DELHI, August, 24.

The marble bath, which was removed from the Mubarak Mahal in the Fort after the Mutiny and which was to have been taken to England for presentation to the late Queen Victoria, has been put back in its orignal place by the order of the Durbar Committee.

LUCKNOW, August 24.

The civil Mutiny veterans in Lucknow have received invitations to attend the Delhi Durbar.

POLICE ARRANGEMENTS.

ALLAHABAD, August 24.

Mr. E. L. French, Inspector-General of Police in the Punjab, will have a large staff under his orders at the Delhi Durbar, including three Deputy Inspectors-General, thirteen superintendents, fifteen assistant superintendents, and twenty European inspectors. The rank and file will exceed three thousand, in addition to the local and railway police at Delhi itself. Further special arrangements will be made for the regulation of traffic, on which duty forty European inspectors and sergeants, together with 150 non-commissioned officers and men from British regiments, will be employed.

MADRAS, August 24.

Commenting on the suggestion of not holding the Coronation Durbar, in view of the scarcity now being felt in some parts of India, the *Madras Mail* says,—"As indications of a regard for India we welcome these suggestions, but we are strongly of opinion that the Coronation Durbar should not be abandoned on account of scarcity and prognostications of famine. The abandonment of the Durbar would cause the profoundest disappointment to millions of His Majesty's subjects in this country, who would feel not merely that they had been deprived of a great pageant but the King Emperor's gracious intention of paying an unprecedented compliment to India had been frustrated. A great opportunity for bringing home to the peoples of India their relations to the Imperial Crown would be lost. In spite of some unrest and some atrocious outbursts of political crime, the loyalty of the mass of Indian people remains and it is not that the loyalty is to be shown only in prosperous conditions."

THE ROYAL VISIT TO CALCUTTA.

Arrangements by Port Commissioners.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, August 24.

The Port Commissioners of Calcutta have sanctioned a preliminary estimate of Rs. 14,164 in connection with the preparations for the reception of Their Majesties the King-Emperor and Queen-Empress. The expenditure will be incurred on arrangements for the crossing of Their Majesties from Howrah to Prinsep's Ghat. Of this amount Rs. 9,500 will be spent in improving the ferry steamer "Howrah," which will carry Their Majesties from the railway platform to the landing-stage.

The vessel will be painted in white enamel picked out with gold, with scroll work in gold on the bow and stern and the Royal coat-of-arms on each paddle box. Two small Imperial crowns will be placed at the top of the jack and ensign staffs, where the Royal Standard and the Commissioner's ensign will be flown. The after deck of the vessel and the two staircases will be covered with carpets, the awning stanchions on the rail will be suitably draped and the forward cabin will be fitted up as a ladies' cloak-room.

THIRD HINDU UNIVERSITY SCHEME.

Not Received with Enthusiasm.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

BENARES, August 24.

The Bharat Dharma Mahamandal scheme for a Hindu University has not been received with great enthusiasm in Benares. But for a few orthodox pandits, the educated Hindu community and some trustees of the Central Hindu College, present in Benares, view it with disapproval as being unsuited to modern needs and likely to prove prejudicial to the best interests of Mrs. Besant and the Honourable Pundit Mahan Mohan Malaviya's joint scheme for a Hindu University at Benares, for which the leaders of the Hindu community are collecting funds, while negotiations with the Government are in progress.

PLEADER ACQUITTED OF EMBEZZLEMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, August 24.

Yesterday, the Deputy Magistrate of Khulna disposed of a case in which a pleader of the Khulna Bar, named Babu Beni Bhusan Roy, stood charged with embezzlement of the money of a local loan company, of which he was the secretary. The Magistrate dismissed the case and discharged the accused.

FATAL ASSAULT CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, August 24.

This morning before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, one, Ernest Harold Guy, was placed on trial on a charge of causing the death of A. G. Allan by assaulting him at the Bristol Hotel on the 20th instant. At the request of the Inspector-in-charge of the case, the hearing was adjourned.

EMIGRTION TO AUSTRALIA.

A Bill to Import European Labour.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS August 24.

Correspondence published in a local paper shows that the question of emigration to Australia from India is receiving attention in the former country. The Australian Commonwealth propose to import European labour, and a bill to that effect has passed its second reading in their Parliament at Adelaide. The Rev. John Nelson and Mrs. Stewart are deputed to visit India and select 50 European young men and women over 18 years of age and also 100 time-expired soldier for domestic service, farm labour, artizans etc. and the Federal Government insist that all applicants be of British parentage on both sides. At present the demand is for a subordinate class of labour, but Mr. Nelson says that there will be openings for professional men, nurses, clerks etc. He says also, "I have been asked by the Government if I could get surveyors who have retired on pensions, Europeans only, married and with families, these are greatly wanted, assistant surgeons, single or married, and who will all be paid the same as those employed here and they will have their pension of Rs. 200 and upwards a month. Salaries for domestic servants will be from 10 shillings to 15 shillings a week. The Federal Government will pay half passage money, i. e. £4 and employers £4, and the latter will deduct a small instalment from the servant's weekly wages until the amount is paid. The Government's share is a free grant."

The Federal Government has sanctioned the scheme and appointed Rev. J. Nelson as emigration agent. He will arrive in Madras about October 20th and it will be necessary to have all nominations in readiness for him.

MYSORE MINE ACCIDENT.

Engine Drivers Convicted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, August 24.

Before Mr. Justice Ayling and Mr. Justice Spencer in the High Court yesterday, Mr. John Adam presented an application for bail and an appeal on behalf of J. E. Watters, who was convicted on August 17, and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment under Regulation 149 of the Mysore Mining Regulations by the First Class Magistrate and Justice of the Peace of the Kolar Gold Fields. The application was supported by a sworn affidavit from the applicant's brother.

Counsel submitted in his application that the Magistrate had based his judgment on the presumption that the accident could, on the evidence, be due only to carelessness, and that the Magistrate was wrong in his presumption. The accused did not for a moment admit any carelessness on his part, but submitted that, even on the evidence, such carelessness could not have lasted more than one second. Moreover, the accused was kept at work all night and had been caused to work for six hours and 35 minutes in direct contravention of Regulation 149, one of the very regulations under which he has been convicted. Counsel submitted that the offence under which the accused was convicted was identical with Section 304 A, of the Indian Penal Code which was bailable.

Their Lordships, admitting the appeal, ordered the release of the appellant on his executing a personal recognizance bond for Rs. 500, and furnishing two sureties for a like amount.

BANGALORE, August 24.

John Joseph, an underground winding engine driver at the 2010 level Taylor's Shaft, Ooregum Mine, was prosecuted before Mr. Bowring for having infringed the Mysore Mines Regulation. The facts are that, on the 9th instant the accused, who was alleged to be on the afternoon at the Shaft, gave his name at the roll call and received his usual allowance of candles, and instead of going underground to attend to his duties he made his own arrangements with the spare driver of the same shaft (since absconded), to carry on the work. The same evening the spare driver overwound the engine and caused damage to the machinery, but fortunately no lives were lost. His Worship, in finding the accused guilty, sentenced him to three weeks' rigorous imprisonment. The Magistrate remarked that the Engine was for hoisting men, a serious accident might have occurred and such conduct called for deterrent punishment.

A fatal accident occurred to a skip road cooly at Oakley's Incline Shaft on the 19th instant. The man accidentally fell from the 3,210 level and was picked up dead about 50 feet below the 3,410 level.

DEATH SENTENCE CONFIRMED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, August 24.

The appeal of Min Hlaung against the death sentence passed upon him by the Sessions Judge, Sagaing, in connection with the recent rising at Myinmu, has been dismissed by the Judical Commissioner of Upper Burma and the sentence confirmed.

HINDUS AND CHRISTIANS IN COCHIN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.):

MADRAS, August 24.

An Order has been passed by Mr. A. B. Banerji, I. C. S., Dewan of Cochin, on the memorial submitted to him by the Christian community of Cochin, regarding alleged demonstration against Christians in connection with Paliuruthi festival. In his order Mr. Banerji says, "Religious toleration in His Highness' state is no more a theoretical policy but has been the characteristic of His Highness' Government in practice had for centuries become proverbial. It can on no plea whatsoever encourage directly or indirectly any acts that are likely to hurt the religious feelings of any community nor will the Durbar countenance any movement organised with a motive of setting up religious antagonism between different communities. With this object in view the police and magistrates are warned not to permit demonstrations against any particular religion."

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, August 24.

Capt. H. E. Molesworth, Royal Garrison Artillery, 48th Heavy Battery, is posted to No. 75 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery.

Major R. T. C. Calvert, 120th Infantry, has been selected to succeed Capt. J. D. Grant, 8th Gurkha Rifles, as Brigade Major, Jhelum Brigade.

Capt. Talbot, 7th Lancers, is selected for the Adjutancy of the Lancashire Hussars.

Lieut. F. W. I. V. Fraser, Seaforth Highlanders, is selected for employment with the Southern Nigeria Regiment.

MALARIA IN BOMBAY.

A Reply.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have read the letter in your issue of the 22nd inst., re malaria in Bombay by "Medicus." Everything in this letter shows that the author has mistaken his profession. Law and logic in spite of his modesty seem more suited to his attainments than medicine and science. He is so far behind present day knowledge in respect to malaria that he does not seem to know that the question has been finally settled, that the parasites of human malaria are not found in any form in soil, air or water. It is manifestly proper to take advantage of this knowledge, already in our possession, when we attempt to combat an epidemic of malaria.

"Medicus" further displays his ignorance of medicine and of malaria in particular, when he states that the spleen index is worthless as a gauge of malarial endemicity. It is true that this index is not an exact guide, but nevertheless it is a valuable guide to the extent to which malaria is present in any place, especially if other causes of enlargement of the spleen are excluded. Dr. Bentley has not made extravagant use of the spleen index. Indeed, he clearly defines the limits of its usefulness in many parts of his report. When "Medicus" quoting from paragraph 68 of Dr. Bentley's report, and comparing the figures there, with those from paragraph 90 infers and states that Dr. Bentley has made mistakes in enumerating children with enlarged spleens, it is "Medicus" and not Dr. Bentley who is, as any careful reader will find, in the wrong. "Medicus" in the first instance commits a mistake in the number of the paragraph. It should be 67 and not 68. Then he overlooks the fact that in paragraph 67, Dr. Bentley is speaking of children, while in paragraph 90, he is dealing with persons (children and adults.)

Later in his letter "Medicus" quotes a portion of para 65 of the report, but conveniently omits to put what immediately follows, for Dr. Bentley adds, "But although there are grounds for believing that enlargement of the spleen indicates the previous occurrence of malarial disease more certainly than the existence of present infection, this fact in no way invalidates the use of the splenic index as a measure of the malaria present among a community; and the taking of a spleen census is the simplest and, probably under ordinary conditions, the most accurate method that can be adopted for estimating the amount of malaria existing among a large population."

Again, when "Medicus" attempts to show that Dr. Bentley falsifies his statements by the result of his experiments he is peculiarly unfortunate. Nobody knew better than Dr. Bentley did (see his para 79), that the relations between the spleen index and the parasite index in B and in C Wards were not concordant, but he offers a very good explanation of the difference in the results obtained in the two wards. He says, "but there is not quite a direct correspondence, for the parasite index of C Ward is higher than that of B Ward, whereas B Ward showed a higher spleen index than C Ward. This is no doubt chiefly due to the fact that blood films were obtained at different times of the year, but it is possible that other causes are partly responsible for the difference. Malaria in B Ward has been mainly due to diffusion of anopheles from the New Dock area and this would only occur during the rains and for a short time afterwards. In C Ward malaria is spread by anopheles which can breed uninterruptedly throughout the year in open wells." Dr. Bentley here does offer an explanation of the difference in the results obtained in the two wards and does not, as "Medicus" suggests, pass "in significant silence this marked discrepancy."

Space does not permit me to discuss the remarks made by "Medicus" on the relation of rainfall to malaria. Your readers would be wise to consult para 218 of Dr. Bentley's report to properly appreciate the relation of malaria to rainfall. Dr. Bentley does not deal with theories, he deals with facts, and one of these is that many wells in the Fort contain large numbers of the larvae of the malaria carrying Stephensi, and that 1,600 wells examined in F and G Wards show very few larvæ of any kind. An explanation, if "Medicus" will accept one from the writer of this letter, is that the difference in the two parts of the Island lies in the fact that, while in the Fort only a few wells contained fish, nearly all the wells in F. and G. Wards are so situated that fish live and thrive there. I think I have shown that, if the pseudonym which "Medicus" has adopted does not belie the profession to which he belongs, he not only suffers from his admitted lack of logic, but is also somewhat behind hand in his knowledge and if he practises some other profession, it is evident that he has made a mistake in attempting to criticise the work of a man who has devoted many years of study to the subject that he has written about. In any case your readers must take what "Medicus" has said.—Yours, etc.

CUM GRANO SALIS.

Bombay, August 24.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Captain D. W. H. Humphreys, 1st Battalion, 8th Gurkha Rifles, has been appointed to be Political Aide-de-Camp to the Brigadier-General Commading Aden Brigade and Political Resident Aden, with effect from the 14th November.

Captain L. H. Branson, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry, to be a Special Magistrate of the First Class in the Military Contonment of Belgaum.

The services of Major W. K. H. Campbell, Contonment Magistrate, Kirkee, are replaced at the disposal of the Commander-in-Chief.

Mr. V. M. Ferrers, I. C. S., Acting Judge and Sessions Judge, Satara, is granted, with effect from the 1st September or subsequent date, combined leave for nine months.

Mr. T. D. Fry, I. C. S., to be Judge and Sessions Judge, Ahmednagar, vice Mr. C. C. Boyd, I. C. S., proceeding on leave.

Mr. F. K. Boyd, I. C. S., on relief to be Judge and Sessions Judge, Bijapur.

Mr. R. H. Waterfield, I. C. S., to act as Judge and Sessions Judge, Kanara, pending further orders.

Mr. C. C. Boyd, I. C. S., Judge and Sessions Judge, Ahmednagar, is granted, with effect from 23rd September or subsequent date, combined leave for thirteen months and eleven days.

Mr. S. D. Smith, First Grade Assistant Collector of Excise, has been allowed an extension of leave on medical certificate for two months, and has been allowed to return to duty.

Mr. L. J. Sedgwick, I. C. S., Assistant Collector, Satara, is allowed privilege leave for three months, in combination with special leave on urgent private affairs for three months with effect from 25th August or subsequent date.

Mr. H. F. Knight, I. C. S., on return from leave, to be Assistant Collector, Satara.

Mr. A. W. W. Mackie, I. C. S., on return from leave to be Assistant Collector, Belgaum, vice Mr. G. H. Cowan, I. C. S.

Mr. R. E. C. Bolton, R. I. M., to be Inspector of Steam Boilers and Prime Movers at Aden vice Mr. E. A. Vile, R. I. M.

The services of Mr. H. L. Fox, I. C. S., are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Finance Department.

Mr. E. Wilson to act as Seventh Inspector of Steam Boilers and Prime Movers from the date of the retirement of Mr. J. R. Carpenter.

Mr. R. W. Inder, Assistant Conservator of Forests, has been placed for duty under the Divisional Forest Officer, Belgaum, with effect from the 23rd April.

Mr. J. M. Mackay, Assistant Engineer, on return to duty, is posted to the Poona District.

Sergeant F. Green, Overseer, First Grade, on expiry of his privilege leave is transferred from the West Khandesh to the Poona District.

Mr. J. A. Spencer to act as Fourth Inspector of Steam Boilers.

Mr. F. H. Claridge to Act as Fifth Inspector of Steam Boilers.

Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Ralph Sephton to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st July 1911.

Poona Volunteer Rifles.—Latham Coddington Swifte, I. C. S, to be Commandant with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, vice W. V. Scudamore, resigned.

Mr. A. B. Spencer, L. C. E., is transferred from the Central to the Northern Division P. W. D.

Mr. F. W. Wilson, Electrical Inspector, has been permitted to return to duty.

The work of the revision of the constitution of the Moslem University has been completed. Only slight changes have been made in the draft, which will now be discussed again with the authorities at Simla.

EN PASSANT.

"Grandmama Propriety" is again to the fore, the immodesty of girls of the period being briefly discussed in the pages of a popular Society Journal. We are told (it may or may not be news to the majority) that girls delight in donning the thinnest of outer garments with a view of displaying their form, in turn protected by tights of various coloured silks, or the now fashionable Satin Directoire knickers. The authority goes on to say that girls—well-born girls too—have been seen romping with young men, in one instance, on the roof of a house boat while arrayed in their "negligee" (which during the innocent "fracas" were left, like the robe of Potiphar's wife, in the hands of their male companions); at other times they rode pick-a-back, or were the wheelbarrows in the race of the name: again they participated in a "change clothes" contest—gentleman's pyjama suits being lent for the occasion. There is also a reference to paddling which is probably a more indulged in type of inter-sexual enjoyment. Very reprehensible, doubtless!

A correspondent in a contemporary attacks the "Boarding" Department of the local Central Branch of the Y. M. C. A. on the grounds that the better salaried young man is admitted to the privileges of the Home (or "Chambers" as it is called) to the exclusion of those who are in greater need of a lower tariff of living. The latter rather vaguely alludes to "wealthy bachelors" as a section who make a convenience of the establishment. The writer disclaims bias in the matter, but in the interests of fair play would urge that the matter appears misrepresented, and therefore reflects on the direction of this excellent Institution which is in the hands of men of the greatest integrity. This Department is self-supporting, if not at times really lucrative, and may consistently be allowed to remain so until the building is clear of debt. The present scale of fees for board and lodging runs from 40 to 100 rupees a month according to the accommodation chosen. The average salary of residents would be well under 300 a month. It would seem, therefore, that matters are fairly well arranged. Cases here and there are known of men in residence drawing 600 a month. As it happened, however, these were married men with families to support at home to whom the saving of 100 a month was therefore an object. Apart from this consideration, however, the Institution possesses attractions for a particular category of men which is not afforded by the ordinary Chummery, or Hotel, and it was proved in turn that this type of resident was beneficial to the cause of the Association, a fact that sets at rest the desultory inferences traced in the complaint under notice. It might be satisfactory to supporters of the Association, if this correspondent would come forward with one or two concrete cases in support of his more serious charges.

While conceding credit to the motive, one may be inclined to look upon descent to advertising methods in the cause of Temperance as "bathos," calculated to augment the spirit of ridicule, as opposed to the spirit of influence which it seeks to develop. Temperance during past years has made great strides, an effect chiefly due to social and religious direction in an unostentatious manner. There is an ever-recurrent difficulty in the failure to provide corresponding attractive elements to those obtaining where strong drinks are the object of catering. There is a dearth of enterprise in providing acceptable beverages. The alternative is the drink of mineral water type, but the trade is not encouraged in Bars (although it may be incidentally mentioned that such "soft" drinks realise a net profit of some 400 per cent) and under existing conditions it seems incongruous. While, unfortunately, the ordinary moderate drinker can relish two or three of the proverbial "chotas" at a sitting, his companion of Temperance inclinations would be surfeited by more than one bottle of his orthodox beverage taken in cold blood. These remarks mainly apply to outside drinking where, perhaps, the least baleful effects exist. But neither here, or with drink in the home (unhappily often carried to the greatest excess) will the present day system of "poster" advertising form a deterrent. Perhaps by the Divine rather than through the physician can the campaign be best carried on, for so far, the majority of the faculty have not been prominent in condemnation of alcoholic drinks as a physical evil.

That prominent citizen, the Hon. Mr. Manmohandas Ramjee, appears to be leading rather a serious opposition to the scheme of the proposed new thoroughfare from the Crawford Market via Abdul Street to Sandhurst Road, which has taken the form of a petition to the Governor. He disclaims any necessity for alteration to present conditions of Abdul Rehman Street contending that occasional loss of time in following that route, owing to temporary obstructions, is a 'negligible factor' which in turn might be moderated by improved Police regulations. The two leading objects that our great Local Trust have in view are improvements in housing, and the health of the people. The several extension schemes now completed, or nearing completion, may be looked upon as having vindicated their position as public regenerators. By the same token it will be probably decided that support of their most favoured—the present—project must be held as a foregone conclusion. To some extent business must be inconvenienced in dealing with this principal thoroughfare of mart in the City, but this fact, it is believed, has less influenced residents than that of a more personal issue. The majority living in the vicinity in question are of an ultra-conservative type as far as the interior arrangements of their domestic life is concerned, and (to use a familiar homily) cannot see beyond their nose. Government, though in the greatest degree a respecter of sentiment as applied to prejudice and custom, can scarcely set back what must accrue in the near future as a national benefit. That "the permanent native population of Bombay has never demanded" this or other schemes devised for their ultimate good is about the weakest argument that the eminent gentleman named could have advanced.

It is gratifying to note that the finding of a Committee recently appointed to look into existing arrangements relative to the purity of the Bombay milk supply—with a view of ensuring a more perfect check on adulteration and fraud.—has been commended to the notice of Government, which will mean, in the early future, far more stringent legislation. It takes a long time for the authorities to move in a matter like this. Data was apparently furnished over two years ago showing that about 81 per cent. of a three years average of milk samples were found adulterated. That this reprehensible fact is under now within measurable distance of permanent remedy will be a sign of general satisfaction.

The coming Saturday will relieve us of a somewhat chronic complaint—the Harwood Football League Competition of 1911. The match on that date between the Bombay Football Club and the Bombay Volunteer Artillery will be the 56th event. Season ticket-holders to the pavilion have had plenty for their money—one anna five pies and a fraction—it works out at—"per go". The Committee can therefore let the "galled jade wince their wither, remaining unwrung" on the score of quantity. The Byculla Railway Gymkhana reconsidered their decision to withdraw, and, as will have been seen, have been rewarded (somewhat unexpectedly perhaps) by victories in their last two matches, viz., against the "Telegraphs" and "Y. M. C. A." teams. The two matches "Royal Warwicks" vs. "Bombay Football Club", and "R. G. A." vs. "Bombay Gymkhana" were finely contested,—the Civilians in both events playing perhaps the strongest games of the series. Good passing and stubborn defence marked the play of the B. F. C. in the first named contest, and it was noticed that the team ended far more 'fit' than in previous games, denoting improvement in form. That they only lost by the narrow margin of one goal was very creditable. The Bombay Gymkhana finished one goal to the good in the other game alluded to the result, however, of a free kick for hands in the penalty area. The result, as it happens, will not affect the places of the two teams in the final disposition of the League, while it required a loss rather than a tie (the moral issue of the game in the question) to bring them below the next runners up of Civilian teams, the B.F.C. Had it not been for the apparent under-rating of the strength of the two teams, through which they suffered defeat in the first series, the Bombay Gymkhana must have easily tied for second place.

LE TATILLON.

WEDDING AT POONA.

Monteith—FitzGibbon.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, August 24.

A pretty wedding took place at noon to-day, at St. Mary's Church, at Poona, when Miss Isabella Marion Fitz-Gibbon, eldest daughter of Mr. P. J. Fitz-Gibbon, Superintending Engineer, and Mrs. Fitz-Gibbon, was married to Mr. M. E. Monteith, of the 105th Mahratta Light Infantry. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. G. B. Collier, Chaplain of St. Mary's. The service was choral and the hymns chosen were, "The Voice that breathed o'er Eden" and "Love Divine, all love excelling." The bride, who was given away by her father, looked charming in a lovely dress of soft white satin, with a tunic of white ninon and fine silk pearl embroidery and a court train of soft satin, the gift of Miss Hankin of Beckenham, Kent. Her veil was of lace, over one hundred years old, and was draped over a chaplet of orange blossom. Her three bridesmaids, the Misses McIver, wore dresses of white satin veiled with ninon, with chiffon veils and tiny pink roses in their hair. They carried bouquets of pink roses and wore pearls and ruby brooches, gifts of the bridegroom. The bride's mother wore a becoming dress of striped grey voile and carried a bouquet of yellow roses. Captain Haughton of the 105th Light Infantry performed the duties of best man. He, the bridegroom and their brother officers were in full dress. The church, which was tastefully decorated, was well-filled with the friends of the bridal pair. The other officers of the garrison, of whom a large number attended, wore white uniform. After the signing of the register the officers lined the aisle and formed an arch-way of drawn swords, under which the happy couple walked.

After the ceremony at the church the bride's parents received the wedding guests to the number of about 150 at their residence, 7 Lothian Road. When the bride had cut the wedding cake with her husband's sword, the Hon'ble Mr. G. P. Millett proposed the health of the newly-wedded pair in an appropriate speech. The toast was heartily responded to and the bridegroom thanked the Hon'ble Mr. Millett and the guests on behalf of his bride and himself. Mr. G. N. Ford, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry, then gave "The Bridesmaids," for whom Captain Haughten replied. The Band of the 105th was in attendance and played a selection of music during the reception, by kind permission of Major Chitty and the officers, 105th Light Infantry. After the reception Mr. and Mrs. Monteith left for Bombay, en route for England. The bride looked well in a going-away dress of violet silk net over mauve crepe-de-chine, her hat being of cream straw smothered in shaded lilac.

THE PRESENTS.

The presents, which numbered over one hundred, made an imposing display. A list of them is given below:—

From	
Bridegroom to Bride ...	Dressing-case and opal ring.
Bride to Bridegroom ...	Burberry waterproof coat and gold links.
Bride's parents	Cheque, horse, dog-cart and house Linen.
The Misses Blanche and Edith Fitz-Gibbon ...	Cheque.
Miss Irene Fitz-Gibbon.	Silver sweet dish.
The Misses Clare and Esme Fitz-Gibbon ...	Salt cellars and spoons.
Mr. Maurice Fitz-Gibbon	Silver sugar tongs.
Miss Hankin.	Wedding dress, table centre and silver coffee spoons.
Mrs. and Miss Fox ...	Silver tea-spoons and sugar tongs.
Mrs. George Dixon ...	Gold brooch.
Mrs. and the Misses Hearn...	Cake-stand.
Mr. and Mrs. A.E. Cumming	Cheque.
Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McMahon	Pair of fish servers.
Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Cocke...	Silver candle-sticks.
Miss Hilda Bax ... Mr. Rudolf Bax ... Mr. Cyril Bax ...	Coalport coffee cups and saucers.
Miss Leadbetter ...	Tea-cloth.
Mrs. and Miss Anthony Brown	Limerick lace berths.
Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McIver	Entree dish.
The Bridesmaids ...	Toast rack.
Mr. Arthur Hill ...	Dessert and fish knives and forks.
Mr. H. V. R. Kemball...	Revolving breakfast-dish.
Mr and Mrs. W. L. and Miss Strange.	Silver salver and jewellery.
Mr. and Mrs. McCulloch Harrison	Silver sweet dish.
Mr. and Mrs. Ali Akbar	Ruby and pearl ring.
Mr. W. R. Lewis ...	Cheque.
Mr. and Mrs. H. O. B. Shoubridge	Cigarette case.
Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Mandy	Jaipur brass table.
Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Proes	Pair of Venetian glass vases.
Mr. R. T. Harrison ...	Silver photo frame.
Mr. and Mrs. S. Cadambi	Silver tea-set.
Mr. V. N. Vartak ...	Silver tea canister.
Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Pooley.	Silver salt cellars and spoons.
Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Mould.	Pair of silver photo frames.
Mr. and Mrs A. W. Hanckel.	Tea kettle.
Mr. C. J. Hensoti ...	Cutch work photo-frame.
Mr. J. B. Benson ...	Silver rose-bowl.
Mr. and Mrs. K. S. Framji.	Gold brooch watch.
Mr. F. R. Unvala ...	Butter-dish and pickle-jar.
Mr. and Mrs. A. Cameron	Gold chain and pendant.
Mr. T. A Andrew ...	Silver butter dish.
Mr. R. H. Fitzherbert...	Silver muffineers.
Mr. B. H. Kumthekar...	Silver salver and box.
The Hon'ble Mr. R. A. Lamb and Mrs. Lamb.	Gong.
The Hon'ble Mr. W. T. Morrison.	Carriage clock.
The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. and Mrs. Curtis ...	Leather writing-case.
Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Roper	Pair of silver menu holders.
Mr. G. F. Keatinge ...	Silver belt.
Mr. L. Robertson ...	Pepper castor.
Mr L C Swifte. ...	Silver cream jug.
Mr. P. J. Mead ...	Jam jar.
Mr. P. E. Percival ...	Pair of silver serviette rugs.
Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Gordon. ...	Pair of silver sweet dishes
The Hon'ble Mr. G. P. Millet. ...	Entree dish.
Mr. J. Hamilton. ...	Pair of silver salt cellars.
Major-General C. Barter	Silver photo-frame.
The Officers, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry.	Silver salver.
Col. and Mrs. R. W. S. Lyons.	Silver photo-frame
Hon'ble Col. and Mrs. Jackson ...	Pair of silver salt cellars.
Major and Mr. Baines.	Crumb-scoop.
Major and Mrs. F. H. G. Hutchinson. ...	Silver photo-frame.
Major and Mrs. Harold Simson. ...	Hand-painted fan.
Capt. and Mrs. Stanger Leathes ...	Picture.
Miss Nellie Andreson	Tea cloth.
Mr. J. Anderson ...	Carved ivory trinket box.
Capt. Leahy	Silver candle-sticks.
Col. Logan Home ...	Silver mounted carriage watch.
Capt. Ian Moir ...	Set of brass vases.
Capt. C. T. Shaw ...	Gold wristlet watch.
Capt. E G Haughten ...	Silver cigarette case.
Capt. P. J. Armytage Capt. E. C. Hall Mr. C. H. Standbridge Mr. C. A. Pogson	Silver salt cellars.
Mr. A. W. T. Webb ...	Egg cruet.
Mr. C. C. Langhorne ...	Silver menu holders.
Mr. and Mrs. P. Wren...	Silver flower vase.
Mrs. and Miss Prior ...	Carved table.
Mr. and Mrs. Rawlinson	Coffee cups.
Mr. C. J. J. Fox ...	Silver sweet dish.
Mr. N. B. MacMillan.	Silver sweet dish.
Major and Miss Anderson	Silver sweet dish.
Mr. Bremner	Brass tray.
Mr. and Mrs. Michael Kennedy	Set of salt cellars.
Mr. and Mrs. Guider ...	Japanese vase.
Mr. and Mrs. Clabby ...	Silver peg-measure.
Mr. and Mrs. Griffith ...	Coffee-cups.
Mr. A. G. C. Bailey ...	Silver tea-caddy.
Mr. A. Slater	Silver apostle coffee spoons.
Major and Mrs. Wickham. ...	Pair sugar castors.
The Misses Wickham...	Silver mounted pin cushion.
Rev. and Mrs. Matthew.	D'Cyleys.
Capt. and Mrs. Gayer ...	Silver sugar bowl.
Capt. and Mrs. Law ...	Peg measure.
Capt. Aga Cassim Shah.	Persian rug.
Capt. and Mrs. Rose ...	Satsuma ornament.
Major and Mrs. Dyke...	Silver cream jug.
Miss Wildman	Porcelain bowl.
Madame R. W. Tata ...	Scent bottle.
Capt. Salmond... ...	Bridle.
Mr. C. J. I'Ansen Mr. K. W. Izod	Silver salver.
Mr. F. G. Wynne Mr. W. Milne ...	Carriage clock.
Mr. Mrs. and Miss Sievwright	Brass tray.
Mrs. and Miss Lake ...	Scarf.
The Misses Johannes ...	Brass tray and finger bowls.
Mrs. H. D. Powell ...	Morocco leather card-case.
Miss V. Woolley ...	Silver card-case.
Mrs. Walter Sargeaunt	Silver salt and pepper castors.
Mr K. A. Ghasvala ...	Silver tea-strainer.
Miss Moxon	Japanese rose-bowl and plate.
Mr. N. P. Poho ...	Silk table cover.
Mr. A. K. Dotiwala ...	Silver flower-vase and powder-box.
Mr. M. C. Watchmaker.	Silver tea-set and Japanese tray.
Mr. S. V. Gadgil ...	Brass table and Tea cups.
Mr. H. B. Joshi ...	Silver-backed hair brushes and hand-glass.
Mr. D. M. Fernandes ...	Silver powder box.
Mr. V. C. Dikshit ...	Silver sweet dishes.
Mr. A. R. Kanitkar ...	Silver mounted ink-stand.
Mr. F. Bomanji ...	Cushions and photo-frames.
Mr. S. D. Gokhale ...	Silver fruit dish.
Mr. W. S. Deshpande ...	Silver peacock.
Mr. W. G. Bhatkhande.	Silver sugar-bowl and spoon.
Mr. S. R. Chatpande ...	Silver salver and spoons.

In addition to these a number of presents await the arrival of the bride at Home.

INDIAN POSTAL REFORM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—At a time when rumours of boons to be conferred and reforms to be carried out, fill the air, may I draw attention, as a member of the long suffering public, to an urgent want—viz., the reform of the Postal Department,—than which I can imagine no greater boon, so far as residents in this country are concerned?

It would appear that in the past this department was imbued with that progressive spirit, so essential to an important working and paying concern. This is exemplified by the introduction of the oft quoted "value payable system". Since those days, however, the postal officials have apparently been content to rest on their laurels, with the result that wide-spread dissatisfaction with their methods now exists throughout the country. It is notorious that in India the members of the public, for one reason on another, are loath to pillory a Government Department in the Press, and it is only a sense of public duty that compels me to solicit the hospitality of your columns in this connection. The following are the chief causes of complaint that have come to my notice:—

(1) Inferior Postal Service to towns off the main lines of railway.

(2) Careless sorting.

(3) The existing system of Registration.

(4) Treatment by the Department of complaints and suggestions.

With regard to the postal service there would appear to be a want of co-operation between the postal and railway authorities, resulting in an inferior postal service to towns off the main lines. This could, in some cases at any rate, be remedied by a small adjustment of railway timings which could doubtless be arranged if co-operation existed.

In the matter of careless sorting (I may not have hit on the actual cause), but from a careful study of post-marks for the last month I am forced to the conclusion that a high percentage of letters, especially from places 500 miles and upwards apart, are incorrectly dealt with en-route, and consequently delayed in delivery, and a good number are never delivered at all.

The registration of articles, as at present carried out, is a mere farce. A fee of two annas is exacted for the privilege of obtaining what is nothing more than a receipt of posting. The chances of an article arriving safe at its destination are by no means increased thereby, neither is it any easier to trace should it miscarry en-route.

Last, but by no means least in my list of indictments, comes the question of the treatment accorded to complaints in postal matters. My personal experience is that such complaints are either totally ignored by the lower officials, or, if addressed to the higher ones, the most that one gets is a printed form stating that "the matter will be enquired into," and apparently there the matter rests. If the complainant addresses a further communication on the subject, he may receive a printed copy of Form No. 40 which states that the "matter is still under enquiry." The fact that it is worth while stocking printed forms of the latter class should be sufficient condemnation in itself. The communications usually end in some undecipherable and presumably native signature, and one is again forced to the conclusion that complaints are largely dealt with by clerks and do not reach those for whom they are intended.

Whether these defects are due to the smallness of the staff or their incompetence, to want of organisation or to a bad system, I am unable to say, but it is obvious to anybody who has had dealings with the Postal Department that it is badly in want of reform, more especially in the Punjab perhaps than in other part of India.—Yours, etc.,

A SUFFERER.

BOGUS CIVILIAN CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, August 24.

Mr. Keays, Second Presidency Magistrate, this afternoon, disposed of the case known as the bogus civilian case. In this case a European named P. G. Smith was charged with cheating a firm of jewellers in respect of a necklace by falsely representing that he was an Assistant Magistrate of Hughli. The accused was convicted and sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

In another case the same accused was convicted of criminal breach of trust and sentenced to another month's imprisonment.

THE NEW TAX ON HAJIS.

The Bombay Government has issued the following Press Note:—

The Governor-in-Council desires to intimate for general information that the visa fee of Rs. 3, which the Ottoman Consul-General is charging for visaing passports of pilgrims, has been imposed by the orders of the Turkish Government and the British Government are not responsible for the tax. On the contrary, they have strongly protested against the imposition.

A Two Years' Swelling On the Knee Cured.

A. C. Lehman, of Waynesboro, Pa., writes: "I have been the victim of a large swelling on the knee for two years which doctors embrocations failed to relieve. After having received treatment from four physicians of our city and finding no relief whatever I concluded to try Little's Oriental Balm and, after a short use of the remedy was completely cured." This is only one of thousands of letters that could be cited, telling of the wonderful cures this great universal remedy has effected. If you are troubled in this manner how can you resist giving this remedy a trial? Costs but Re. 1 per bottle. For Sale by all Chemists and Medicine Vendors.

A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

THE SUMMER BOOK by Max Pemberton (Mills and Boon).—This is a collection of a dozen stories, some grave some gay, but all very readable Take, for instance, "The House in Gower-street." Here within a very few pages is related the history of a mysterious old lady who lives apparently a life of extreme respectability among some French "emigres." What she turns out to be in the end—a forger of international repute—the reader never guesses till the last line of the story. In the meantime, however, he is treated to plenty of incident coupled with quite remarkable pen pictures of the old lady, Madame Bonnevit, and her rascally companions. "The Singer and the Cage" is a curious study of Spanish life with a touch of grimness lent by a mad grandee, who virtually imprisons an opera singer of European fame till she shall satisfy his whim and sing to him.

LE LEGENDAIRE DU MONT ST. MICHEL par Etienne Dupont. Robert Duval, Libraric, 74 Rue de Seine.—Of this famous and picturesque abbey fortress in the North of France much has been written. Situated between the great Duchies of Normandy and Brittany, its early history was of a martial character; dedicated to the mighty Archangel, the abbey way richly endowed, and its library at one time contained many priceless manuscripts. The Mont from early times was a popular place of resort, and this characteristic was never more in evidence than at present, when hundreds of thousands of tourists visit it yearly from all parts of the globe. To these and to many others this charming volume, writen in French by M. Dupont, of old-world legends associated with the Mont, should be welcome. The stories are not sensational, though the incidents narrated for the most part belong to the miraculous. They are more domestic in character, and illustrate to a large extent the popular mediæval belief that the great Archangel had a watchful care over the stronghold and the abbey dedicated to his name, and those who faithfully served within its walls. A curious legend ascribes the building of the Mont and its fortress to the devil, and indicates that it was an exchange for a crystal palace construted by the Archangel, which the Prince of Darkness coveted. The latter, however, was only made of ice, which melted when the sun shone on it, while the Mont and its fortress remained for ever. M. Dupont has told these tales with simplicity and effect, and therein lies much of the pleasure of the volume.

SYLVIA'S CHAUFFEUR, by Louis Tracey (Ward Lock)—A light and amusing story which tells of a noble lord masquerading as a chauffeur and falling in love with his pretty "fare," an up-to-date American girl, with a breezy manner and a refined style—things supposed not to be compatible. The noble lord, in a mood of whimsical kindness, takes the place of the regular chauffeur, who has had a breakdown. He means to quit the adventure at an early stage, but finds that there is an intrigue to compel the young lady to marry an impecunious French Count of doubtful character. He, therefore, retains his assumed profession, and drives the young lady and her intriguing chaperone about England, greatly to the disgust of his father, when he learns of it. Nothing very stirring happens in the way of adventure, but there is a fine air of romance about the whole story.

CHINA'S STORY, by W. E. Griffis (Constable)—This is a very charming book and it is quite refreshing to read this most entertaining story of China "in myth, legend, art, and annals," written by Mr. Griffis, an American professor who lets the Chinese speak for themselves and demonstrates in an able, eloquent, and vivid manner that China to the critical student does not represent that picture of monotonous inflexibility, which Occidentals conjure up and apparently delight to dwell on. The limits of this little book permit only "an outline of reference, description, and philosophy of the subject," but, as it is, will be found invaluable by the "general" reader and all those interested in the Chinese, the "oldest living nation in the world" and the one which, as the author puts it, "will, in the long run, wear out and overcome every conqueror that tries to conquer her." Two on the Trail, a story of the far North-West by Hulbert Footner (Methuen), a very good story of adventure in unexplored regions beyond the bounds of civilisation. The story tells of a young American, a reporter on a newspaper, who is going to accompany an excursion of Press correspondents organised by an immigration agency through the Canadian North-West. He meets, in rather romantic circumstances, a beautiful young lady who tells him she is going into the wilds, and asks him to take care of her. He does so, and only after he has taken care of her so far as to be hopelessly in love, he learns from her that she is going to find a blackguard, whom she had married and who had deserted her. They do find the scamp, and they have an exciting series of perilous adventures and no little fighting out of which they come at last safe back to civilisation and its culminating blessing. It may, perhaps, shock a very fastidious reader, being decidedly "out West" in many ways.

A SERESHAN by M. Hartley (Mills and Boon)—This is more or less an historical novel. A Sereshan is a soldier of the Croatean frontier guard. The hero of the story is the great leader of the Sereshans, Baron Jellachich de Buzim, to whose loyalty and decision at the critical moment of the Magyar rising of 1848 the Austrian Empire may be said to have owed its preservation. The history of that great national rising has generally been written for English readers by those who avowedly sympathised with the Hungarians. It would be going too far to say that this tale presents the anti-Magyar case, for it contains no word against Kossuth and his followers. But it shows how the Croats and the Slav population generally regarded the situation, and it is a skilful study of the Slav temperament, with its blind passion of loyalty to a cherished leader. Whether this loyalty is a racial characteristic, as the author thinks, or a product of the survival of the feudal system among the Slavonic peoples, long after it has vanished elsewhere, matters little. The main thing is that the description of it is well done, and the reader is made to feel and to sympathise with the atmosphere of personal devotion to Jellachich which dominates the story. There are some pretty verses scattered through the book. "As I ride towards the setting sun" is very noticeable.

No loyal Briton would admit that the national faith in kingship had yielded one jot or tittle to the onslaught of Socialism and yet there are no doubt certain functions of royalty which no longer bulk large in the public eye. Among these may be reckoned the ancient belief in the efficacy of the King's touch to heal scrofula and other diseases of the skin. It is unlikely that King George V. is troubled with many applications for the exercise of this healing art and yet in the time of Charles II. very nearly 100,000 people claimed to have benefited under his fingers. The whole subject is one of no little antiquarian and historical interest, and Dr. Reymond Crawford has found good material for a monograph on the theme, which he has just completed for the Oxford University Press. The superstition died out towards the close of the eighteenth century, but was still lively enough in the early days of Queen Anne. Dr. Crawford will have many quaint stories to tell, and many reverend names to mention in his historical survey of this long-lived and curious belief.

Interesting details come to hand from an authoritative source with reference to the Memoirs of Francesco Crispi, which will be published during the coming autumn by Messrs. Hodder and Stoughton. This firm have secured the entire rights in the work in the English language, and will bring out two volumes before Christmas, and a third later on. The first volume, it is reported, is called "The Thousand," abounds in striking stories of Crispi's friendship with Mazzini and other exiles, while it also includes his Diary during the adventurous days of the foundation of the United Italy. The second volume called "The Triple Alliance," gives the full record of Crispi's travels through Europe and of his interviews with all the leading statesmen of the time. Messrs. Hodder and Stoughton have secured a very important work in this memorable autobiography, and one that ought to enjoy more than a single season's reputation.

From Messrs. Routledge and Co., who are engaged in an amalgamation with Messrs. Kegan Paul, Trench, and Co., comes news of a valuable addition to their series called "Porter's Progress of Nations." This collection of handbooks, edited by Mr. Robert P. Porter, aims at giving a complete conspectus of the modern nations of the civilised world, and the new volume, by Sir Julio Percy Canto, deals with Chili from the point of view of the latest available information. This will be follwed by similar books treating of Central America, North America, and the Far East.

THE WEATHER.

The general summary of crop reports for the past week published in the current "Bombay Government Gazette" states:—

There was good rain during the week in parts of Surat, the Konkan, Nasik, Satara, Baroda, Savantvadi and Kolhapur, moderate in parts of West Khandesh, Poona, Kathiawar, and Rewa Kantha and slight elsewhere, except in Sind and Palanpur. More rain is required throughout the Presidency and especially in Gujarat, the Gujarat Native States and Kathiawar. Standing crops were slightly damaged by rats in Karachi, by insects in the Upper Sind Frontier, by rats and insects in Dharwar and Kolhapur, by severe winds in Thar and Parkar and were suffering for want of sufficient moisture in parts of Sukkur, the Upper Sind Frontier, Thar and Parkar, Ahmednagar, Bijapur and Kolhapur; in Northern Gujarat and in the Gujarat Native States they are almost entirely withered. Elsewhere they are generally in good condition. Kharif sowing continues in parts of Karachi, Larkana, the Upper Sind Frontier Thar and Parkar, the Deccan, Baroda, Savantvadi and Kolhapur and was stopped for want of rain in Ahmedabad, Kaira, Kathiawar and Rewa Kantha. Transplanation continues in parts of Larkana, Surat, Thana, Poona and Baroda. Lands are being prepared for rabi cultivation in parts of Larkana, the Upper Sind Frontier, Broach, Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Dharwar. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition but is deficient in parts of Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur, Satara and Mahi Kantha. Drinking water was generally adequate except in Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals and Rewa Kantha. Water for irrigation was sufficient except in parts of Larkana, Hyderabad, Gujarat, Kathiawar and Rewa Kantha. The fodder-supply was adequate except in parts of Sind, Gujarat, Khandesh, Satara and the Gujarat Native State. The stocks of grain are sufficient. Prices of food-grains have risen in Larkana, the Upper Sind Frontier, Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, Poona, Bijapur and Dharwar have fallen in East Khandesh and are stationary elsewhere. The quantities of food-grains purchasable per rupee are 15 to 37 per cent. less than normal in Sind, 17 to 47 per cent. less than normal in Gujarat, 16 to 34 per cent. less than normal in the Konkan, 9 to 27 per cent. less than normal in the Deccan and 26 to 28 per cent. less than normal in the Karnatak.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, August 24.

The depression yesterday near Allahabad practically died out in the region between Janshi and Agra, after giving a general but light rainfall in East Rajputana and the adjacent districts of Central India. A light fall occurred at Delhi, making a total of one inch there during the last three days. The monsoon has weakened generally. The principal amounts are: Victoria Point, two inches; Bassein, Diamond Island, Silchar and Cheerapunji, one and a half; Jhansi, two; Agra, Nowgong and Mount Abu, one; Jaipur and Kotah, half an inch. The forecast shows an increase of rainfall in the Central Provinces and Eastern Bengal and Assam, but no important changes elsewhere.

LUCKNOW, August 24.

The Labour Bulletin of the United Provinces states that the market is disturbed by the irregularity of the rainfall. Best localities for obtaining the labour at present are Partabgarh, Jaunpur and Bustti. Should the rains fail in September the labour will be easily procurable in most districts in south Oudh.

WELCOME RAIN IN LAHORE.

LAHORE, August 24.

After a prolonged spell of drought rain has fallen here this afternoon in fairly copious quantity. The sky is overcast and more rain is expected.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla In Cts	Esplanade In Cts	Fort In Cts	Colaba In Cts
Previously registered	45·23	47·43	47·64	40·45
Thursday, 24th August......	0·98	1·16	1·15	0·23
Total	46·21	48·59	48·79	40·68
Same date last year	59·69	52·94	54·02	46·27

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., Ltd., CUMBALLA HILL,
Aug. 24.
Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1909.	Corpdg. Total 1910.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In cts.
Cumballa Hill. ...	0·53	41·17	64·86	55·34

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 24th AUGUST.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening. Food-grains prospects gloomy.

Hansi—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plants showing bolls and want more rain. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Delhi.—More rain wanted generally. Cotton crop prospects improving.

Agra.—Continues cloudy with slight drizzle. Crop prospects improving.

Cawnpore.—Sufficient rain fallen generally. Crop prospects improving.

Beawar.—Continues cloudy with slight drizzle. Cotton plants want more rain. Food-grains sowing backward. Absence of rain causes anxiety.

Amraoti.—Cloudy, but no rain. Crop prospects generally good.

Khamgaon.—Cloudy, but no rain. More rain wanted generally. Cotton plants showing bolls and crop making good progress. Food-grains doing well.

Dhulia.—Looks like clearing up; drenching. Rain much needed generally for all crops.

Jalgaon.—Continues cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plant flourishing and in flower.

Broach.—Sometimes bright and cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plants flourishing and healthy but want more rain.

Viramgam.—Cloudy, but no rain. Rain much needed generally. Absence of rain causes anxiety.

Wadhwan.—Cloudy, but no rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton sowing not commenced owing to absence of rain. Absence of rain causes anxiety.

Bhavnagar.—Looks like rain. More rain wanted generally. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants want more rain.

Barsi.—Sometimes Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plants flourishing and healthy but want more rain. Cotton smaller area sown this year. Food-grains doing well; but rain needed generally.

Hubli.—Cloudy, but no rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton sowing not commenced owing to absence of rain. Food-grains suffering from want of rain. Insects doing harm. Absence of rain causes anxiety.

Bellary.—Continues cloudy with slight drizzle. Cotton sowing not commenced owing to absence of rain.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 24TH AUGUST.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 24th August, 1911, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Local rain has fallen in the north and the east Punjab; Rawalpindi has had 0·50" and Delhi 0·13". Skies are moderately clouded. The air is drier than usual at Lahore. Day temperature is in excess at Lahore, Ambala and Delhi and in defect at Rawalpindi; night temperature is also above normal at Lahore.

The United Provinces.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the north-western and western districts; Mainpuri has had 0·20", Agra 0·99" and Jhansi 2·38". Skies are heavily clouded. Humidity is in excess at Jhansi. Temperature is in slight defect at Jhansi, Allahabad and Cawnpore.

Sind and Rajputana.—Telegrams due from Sind have not been received to-day in time for inclusion in this report. Rainfall has been nearly general in east Rajputana; Jaipur has had 0·50", Ajmer 0·29" and Kotah 0·55". Skies are heavily clouded in the area of rainfall and moderately clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Temperature is normal.

Telegrams from Sind received yesterday regarding the daily period ending at 8 hours on 23rd instant show no rainfall.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Deesa records 0·17" of rain and Neemuch 0·33." Skies are heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in slight excess at Deesa and in slight defect at Indore.

The Central Provinces.—Nearly general but light rain has fallen in the eastern half of the division; Jubbulpore has had 0·11", Saugor 0·25" and Raipur 0·22." Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is in defect in the western districts. Temperature is lower than usual at Jubbulpore and Saugor.

The Konkan.—Nearly general but comparatively light rain has fallen; Bombay has had 0·23", Ratnagiri 0·17" and Karwar 0·46". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Local rain has fallen; Belgaum has had 0·14", Aurangabad 0·11" and Nizamabad 0·47". Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air and temperature are equal to the average.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the extreme western and north-western districts and practically ceased elsewhere in the United Provinces. Widespeard rain has fallen in east Rajputana, the adjacent parts of west Central India and of Gujarat; over the rest of Gujarat and in Kathiawar weather has been rainless. Rainfall has decreased considerably in the north-eastern districts of the Central provinces. Fairly general but light rain has fallen in the Konkan and light local rain in the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad; over the rest of the Peninsula weather has been dry. Some showers have occurred in the Punjab. The area of low pressure in the United Provinces has filled up but an area of relatively low pressure is shown to-day over east Rajputana, and present conditions are likely to continue there and in north Gujarat.

Nearly general rain is likely in the Konkan, east Rajputana, the adjacent parts of the United Provinces and of west Central India, and local rain over the rest of the central parts of the country and Gujarat. Some shower may occure in the Deccan, Kathiawar, Malabar, the Punjab and possibly south-east Madras.

Appended is Thursday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (23rd)	92·8	84·5	...	0·00
Jask	...	...	...	0·00
Muskat (23rd)	88·8	81·6	...	0·00
Multan	...	...	...	0·00
Rawalpindi	88·4	76·9	0·50	4·41
Lahore	104·9	85·2	...	3·26
Sirsa	99·8	82·0	...	2·22
Ambala	109·5	75·9	0·03	8·69
Delhi	96·0	78·8	0·13	6·27
Agra	89·0	77·5	0·99	4·41
Mainpuri	88·8	76·6	0·20	6·38
Jhansi	75·5	71·5	2·38	9·47
Cawnpore	87·2	73·9	0·08	7·75
Allahabad	85·6	74·0	...	11·12
Jacobabad	...	...	...	...
Karachi	...	...	...	...
Ajmer	87·9	75·2	0·29	2·30
Jaipur	89·2	75·6	0·50	9·67
Kotah	80·1	72·1	0·55	9·46
Bhuj	91·5	76·0	...	1·62
Dwarka	85·8	77·2	...	1·76
Veraval	81·1	77·3	...	5·28
Rajkot	91·1	74·5	...	3·50
Bhavnagar Para	95·0	77·5	...	4·55
Surat	85·4	76·1	...	16·07
Ahmedabad	92·1	74·7	...	7·85
Deesa	88·8	75·4	0·17	8·22
Neemuch	81·9	69·9	0·33	9·68
Indore	79·1	70·6	...	10·87
Jubbulpore	80·3	69·8	0·11	26·83
Saugor	73·8	67·1	0·25	23·25
Hosangabad	81·6	71·4	0·02	16·69
Khandwa	85·7	71·1	...	7·63
Akola	87·7	70·1	0·01	16·10
Amraoti	84·8	70·3	...	14·63
Nagpur	87·1	71·8	...	31·78
Chanda	88·5	74·0	0·03	30·09
Raipur	84·7	74·6	0·22	39·65
Bombay	84·1	76·4	0·23	40·63
Ratnagiri	83·3	75·9	0·17	54·93
Mormugao	84·5	76·7	0·01	61·96
Karwar	82·7	74·0	0·46	63·74
Malegaon	85·4	69·1	...	16·16
Ahmednagar	84·6	67·0	...	14·53
Poona	80·0	68·3	0·08	11·35
Sholapur	89·8	69·6	...	12·00
Bijapur	87·2	67·3	0·01	7·95
Belgaum	75·3	64·5	0·14	29·52
Aurangabad	83·2	68·2	0·11	16·41
Nizamabad (Indur)	87·4	72·2	0·47	21·08
Hyderabad	88·8	69·7	0·09	15·59
Mangalore	84·8	69·8	...	80·87
Calicut	83·3	73·6	...	69·36
Cochin	83·7	73·7	...	61·75
Colombo	86·5	73·5	...	9·82
Masulipatam	95·3	78·2	...	12·78
Bellary	93·0	72·3	...	1·47
Cuddapah	97·7	75·6	...	6·32
Madras	73·0	78·0	...	2·57
Bangalore	84·3	62·3	...	9·30
Coimbatore	88·4	69·8	...	10·11
Trichinopoly	99·1	75·8	...	1·70
Negapatam	95·0	77·5	...	3·65

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 24th August, was 29·743 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 9 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid, no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

GOLF IN BOMBAY.

Wimbledon Challenge Cup.

A competition was held over the Bombay golf links on Wednesday and Thursday morning for the Wimbledon Silver Challenge cup. The conditions were medal play over 18 holes, 9 each morning, lowest scratch score to win the cup together with a prize from the entrance fees. A handicap was held in conjunction and there was an entry of 35, not quite up to the usual numbers.

Play on Wednesday was by no means easy, in spite of the extra care that has apparently been lately lavished on the course; the weather was very stormy and windy and again there were more bad cards than good sent in. Abercrombie with 39 was leader after the first round, A. L. Roberts with 41 being second.

In spite of the rain overnight the course on Thursday morning played fairly easily and a number of good rounds were played, a 39 by Lattey being the best.

The Cup was won by Abercrombie who followed up his good first round by a 42 and returned a gross score 81. Busch (—4) and Lattey (—1) sent in net cards of 81 and won the senior handicap; J J Moir (—17) with a similar return winning the junior.

Results:—

CHALLENGE CUP.	1st.	2nd	Total.
J. B. Abercrombie	39	42	81
H. P. T. Lattey	43	39	82
A. L. S. Roberts	41	44	85
H. F. Busch	43	42	85
C. H. Roberts	44	42	86
A. Gittins	43	44	87

SENIOR HANDICAP	1st.	2nd.	Hcap.	Total.
H. P. T. Lattey ...	43	39	—1	81
H. F. Busch ...	43	42	—4	81
J. B. Abercrombie	39	42	+2	83
C. H. Roberts ...	44	42	scr	86
J. Stewart Orr ...	45	47	—6	86
A. L. S. Roberts...	41	44	+2	87
J. W. Jessop ...	44	44	—1	87
A. Gittins ...	43	44	+2	89
J. H. Gordon ...	46	47	—4	89

JUNIOR HANDICAP.				
J. J. Moir ...	50	48	—17	81
R. S. Ryall ...	47	49	—14	82
G. M. Hossack ...	50	47	—14	83
G. H. Dawes ...	47	50	—10	87
A. Foulkes ...	43	56	—16	88
M. D. Crichton ...	47	45	—14	88
H. E. Harrington ...	54	49	—15	88
A. E. Lewis ...	54	55	—17	92

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, August 24.

The following are the Handicaps published in connection with the Poona 7th Extra Meeting to be held on Saturday, 26th August, 1911:—

THE MIDSUMMER PLATE.—Division one, 6 furlongs. Soultline 9st. 12lbs., Tangaros 9st. 9lbs., Aborigine 9st. 5lbs., Dumella 9st., Lumination 9st., Neithe 8st 12lbs., Chotham 8st. 10lbs., Punt 8st. 9lbs., Master Theo 8st. 6lbs., Crossbred 8st. 5lbs., Black Douglas 8st 5lbs, Bau Vive 8st. 3lbs., Malmsey 8st. 3lbs., Paul Pry 8st. 2lbs., Hoppner 8st. 2lbs., Lawn Sand 8st., Lord Merv 7st. 11lbs. Decidedly 7st. 10lbs., The Loaf 7st. 11lbs.

DIVISION TWO.—6 furlongs. Aquatic 9st. 5lbs., Watch Tower 9st. 2lbs., Riflebut 9st. 2lbs. Lady Spring 9st., Elser 8st. 11lbs., Vancouver 8st. 11lbs., Sequent 8st. 9lbs., Comet 8st. 9lbs. Bulls Run 8st 8lbs., Metal Boy 8st. 7lbs., Grevillia 8st. 7lbs., Ruby Tin 8st 5lbs., Barm 8st 5lbs., Britannia 8st. 4lbs., Forfeit 8st. 4lbs., Chestnut Park 8st. 3lbs., Ballymaclune 8st. 3lbs., Lady Portland 8st., Pincher 8st. 12lbs.

THE MOFUSSIL PLATE.—1 1-4 miles. Matiyela 9st. 12lbs., Black Douglas 9st. 11lbs., Hilarity 9st. 8lbs., Five Crown 9st. 4lbs., San Remo 9st. 4lbs., Red Cell 9st. 1lb., Eva 8st. 13lbs., Sholto 8st. 13lbs., Gallileo 8st 12lbs., Metal Boy 8st. 12lbs., Hamara 8st. 11lbs., The Cockatoo 8st. 9lbs., Lady 8st. 6lbs., Bright Metal 7st. 10lbs., Devereux 7st. 5lbs., Lancasterite 7st. 4lbs., Obo 6st. 12lbs., Mafoota 6st. 9lbs. If top weight accepting is under 9st 10lbs., it will be raised to that weight and the other in proportion.

THE MILITARY PLATE,—6 furlongs. Bachelor's Knot 12st., Lady Lomond 11st. 4lbs., War Cloud 10st. 10lbs., Ashdown 10st. 7lbs., Cowslip 10st., Pressure 10st., Matlock 9st. 10lbs. Valiant 9st. 8lbs., Deputy 9st. 7lbs., Rolling Stone 9st. 7lbs., Better Luck 9st.

Two top weights not accepting, weights to be raised 7lbs.

The Trial Chase, about 2 miles 1 furlong.

Sholto 12st. 7lbs., Manser 10st. 7lbs., War Cloud 10st. 3lbs., Ashdown 10st., Farewell 9st. 12lbs., Geikho 9st. 7lbs., M. C. 9st. 7lbs., Damson 9st. 7lbs., Deputy 9st. 7lbs., Better Luck 9st., Xeisena 9st.

Top weight not accepting, weights to be raised 7lbs.

First Meeting.

Final entries closed on Tuesday August 22.

FIRST DAY, SATURDAY SEPT. 2

The Yerrowda Plate—Distance R C and distance over 7 flights.
Mr J C Galstaun's ch e h Wild Boy 14 2 aged
The Trial Plate—Distance 1 mile.
Zamindar of Sevagiri's bl aus h Black Douglas aged
The Arab Champion Plate—Distance R C and distance.
Mr M Goculdass' ch a h Second Thoughts aged
The Dealer's New Plate—Distance 1 1-4 miles.
Mr M Goculdass' b a h Baloz 14 0 4 years
The Maiden Plate—Distance 7 furlongs.
Mr H Jamsetjee's g a h Kimberley 13 3
Mr Bampfylde's b a h Young Thara 13 3 1-2
Mr Faraj bin Sanad's g a h Murzook 13 3
Mr M Goculdass' b a h Mexico 13 2 1-2
The Lilliputs—Distance 1-2 mile.
Mr H Jamsetjee's g a h Kimberley 13 3
Mr D G Dhere's g a h Little Sanaya 13 3

SECOND DAY WEDNESDAY SEPT. 6
The Poona Plate—Distance about 5 furlongs.
Mr R R S' br e h Aquatic by Mackintosh—Pink Flower 4 years
The Criterion—Distance 7 furlongs.
Mr G K's ch e g Huka aged
The Arab Pony Derby—Distance 6 furlongs.
Mr H Jamsetjee's g a h Kimberley 13 3
Mr Faraj bin Sanad's g a h Murzook 13 3
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's g a h Fado 13 2 1-2
The New Plate—Distance about 5 furlongs.
Mr Torrington's b aus g Ngakapa 14 1 3-4

THIRD DAY SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 9
The Poona Grand Annual—Distance about 2 miles over 9 flights
Chief of Manavadar's b aus g Realm
The Aga Khan's Cup—Distance 1 1-2 miles
Mr P B Avasia's b e g Vancouver aged
The Poona Derby—Distance 1 1-2 miles
Mr G K's b a h Submit 4 years
The Wanowrie Plate—Distance 6 furlongs
Mr H Jamsetjee's g a h Kemberley 13 3

FOURTH DAY SATURDAY SEPTEMBER
The Poona Grand National—Distance about 2 miles 1 furlong
Chief of Manavadar's b aus g Realm
The Visitors' Plate—Distance 1 1-4 miles
Mr P B Avasia's b e g Vancouver
Mr Homi Billimoria's ch e g Ashanti Gold
The Sholapur Plate—Distance 1 1-2 miles
Messrs E Effendi and Y Effendi's g a h Young Jap
Mr R R S' g a h Hoojaz
The Chinchwad Plate—Distance about 5 furlongs
Mr H Jamsetjee's g a h Kimberley 13 3
Captain J L Mansel's b a h Good Shot 13 3 3-4
Mr Bampfylde's b a h St Anthony 14 0
Mr Tremble's g a h Fairplay 13 3
Mr A W Essa's b a h Solitaire 13 3 1-4
Mr A R Lavand's b a h Sedick 13 3 1-4
Mr Hajee Oosman Sait's g a h Grey Mist 14 0 by wire
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's Fad g a h 13 2 1-2
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's g a h Pendil 13 3
Mr Dawood Amam's ch a h Shihab 13 2 1-2

Second Meeting.

Second entries closed on Tuesday August 22.

FIRST DAY, SATURDAY SEPT. 23.
The Governor's Cup—Distance R C and distance.
Mr R R S' g a h Hoojaz
Mr M Goculdass' b a h Padsha
The Ganeshkhind Plate—Distance 6 furlongs.
Chief of Manavadar's br aus g Haut Park
Mr Heath's b e h Elser
Mr R R S' br e h Aquatic
The Lanowli Plate—Distance 1 mile.
Messrs E Effendi and Y Effendi's g a h Young Japan
Mr R R S' g a h Hoojaz
Mr Abdoola Mana's g a h Rocksand
Mr D G Dhere's g a h Rangoon 14 0
The All Pony Plate—Distance 6 furlongs.
Captain Kennard's b e m Poss 14 1 3-4

SECOND DAY, WEDNESDAY SEPT. 27.
The September Plate—Distance about 5 furlongs.
Mr Heath's b e h Elser
The Steward's Purse—Distance 1 1-2 miles
Mr P B Avasia's b e g Vancouver
Mr Homi Billimoria's ch e g Ashanti Gold 13 3
The Telegaon Plate—Distance 7 furlongs
Mr H Jamsetjee's g a h Kimberley 13 3
Messrs J Awad and E Issak's g a h Nurge's 13 3
The Lawn Plate—Distance about 5 furlongs
Mr H Jamsetjee's g a h Kimberley 13 3
Mr Hajee Oosman Sait's g a h Grey Mist 14 0 by wire
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's g a h Fado 13 2 1-2
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's g a h Pendil 13 3

THIRD DAY SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 30
The Paddock Plate—Distance about 5 furlongs
Mr M Goculdass' br aus g Lord Carlyon
Mr A A Apoar's ch e h Koonowla
The Turf Club Cup—Distance about 2 mils
Mr G K's ch a h Valens 14-0
Mr G K's b a h Parliament
Mr R R S' g a h Hoojaz
Mr Heath's g a h Sir Visto
The Khandala Plate—Distance 1 1-4 miles
Messrs E Effendi and Y Effendi's g a h Young Japan
Mr R R S' g a h Hoojaz
Mr Abdoola Mana's g a h Rocksand
The Kharakwasla Plate—Distance 6 furlongs
Mr H Jamsetjee's g a h Kimberley 13 3
Captain J L Mansel's b a h Good Shot 13 3 3-4
Mr A R Lavand's b a h Sidick 13 3 1-4
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's g a h Fado 13 2 1-2
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's g a h Pendil 13 3
Mr D G Dhere's g a h Rangoon 14 0
Final entries close on Tuesday 5 September, 1911.

HARRIS FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug

The last game in the first round of Harris Football Tournament was played this evening between Loyal North Lancs and Durham Light Infantry teams. The former scored two goals in the first half and one in the second to Durham Light Infantry's one goal in the second half. The score thus stood three goals Loyal North Lancs to one goal by Durhams.

BY THE WAY.

DUKE OF ROTHESAY.

The visit of the Prince of Wales with the Home Fleet to the Clyde, though there are to be no special entertainments in his honour, will have a peculiar interest in view of his title of Duke of Rothesay. Curiously enough, the first Scottish Prince who bore the title created by Robert III. of Scotland in favour of the eldest son of his successors was named David, and now for the first time in nearly five centuries another Heir-Apparent as Duke of Rothesay bear the name. Since the Union of England and Scotland, the dukedom and other Scottish titles were added to that of the Duke of Cornwall.

LORD LLANDAFF AND PITBROW LASSES.

Lord Llandaff, now in his eighty-sixth year, might be expected to take more than ordinary interest in the deputation of pitbrow lasses from the Wigan district who travelled down to London in mail week in order to place before the Home Secretary their objections to the threatened abolition of female labour. Lord Llandaff was Home Secretary once, and the pitbrow lasses came down to London by invitation to see him, not because their work was threatened, but because a proposal was afoot to make them abandon the breeches in which they had worked from time immemorial and done the skirts that so-called "reformers" considered to be more appropriate to their sex. And in breeks they came to London, and interviewed the Home Secretary. As a bachelor he came out of the ordeal remarkably well, and sent the indignant lasses away happy and contented.

CENSURE ACROSS THE FLOOR OF THE HOUSE.

Censure across the floor of the House may (and very often does) mean a continuance of the warmest private friendship, and this was the case even in the fierce days before Reform. On one occasion Mr. Hughes Hughes, the member for Oxford, violently attacked Daniel O'Connell, and pointedly referred to his having the death's head and cross-bones painted over the doors of the electors in county Cork who would not vote for his nominee. The Liberator retorted with violence, and said, among other things, that Mr. Hughes's head was a calf's head. So a few nights afterwards both gentlemen were [illegible] seen walking arm-in-arm up Parliament-street, on their way home from the House.

ROYAL CORK YACHT CLUB.

"The Water Club of the Harbour of Cork," to give its original title to the Royal Cork Yacht Club which disputes pride of precedence with the Royal Yacht Squadron, can at least claimed to be prepared to celebrate its bi-centenary very soon, for it dates from 1720. It is not likely, however, to insist to-day upon the sumptuary laws which marked its earliest years, when it was prescribed, for example, that "no Admiral do bring more than two dishes of meat for the entertainment of the Club, or presume to bring more than two dozen of wine to his Treat; for it has always been deemed a breach of the ancient rules and constitutions of the Club, except when my Lords the Judges are invited."

CURIOUS AND DRASTIC RULES.

"That no long-tail wigs, large sleeves, or ruffles, be worn by any Member at the Club," was a rule abolished long ago, but it may be wondered whether that is still enforced which enacted "That such Members of the Club, or others as shall talk of sailing after dinner, be fined a bumper." Yet, every golf club in the kingdom, with all hotels frequented by golfers, would be ruined in a trice if that kind of mouth-shutting ordinance over the serious work of the day were attempted to be put into operation.

A WOMAN THE FIRST YACHT OWNER.

The dictum that a woman is at the bottom of everything applies certainly to the pastime of yachting; for it was Elizabeth Chudleigh, afterwards Duchess of Kingston, who was the first private yacht owner in Great Britain. The Duchess was clever as well as "Amazing," and it was fully in keeping with her originality and independence of character that she should have started the first yacht. In doing so she set a fashion which, fifty years later, had become a society craze, and has since developed into the finished and graceful sport as we understand it in the Solent to-day.

SEA TRIP TO ROME.

The Duchess ordered this pioneer yacht to be built to convey her to Italy on that famous visit to Rome, when she was entertained by Pope Clement XIV. with a princely hospitality and Christian charity that redounded to his credit. The sensation her arrival must have made as she sailed up the Tiber to the Eternal City in so novel a manner may be readily imagined. But the Duchess herself had for long been used to sensational roles at home, and doubtless took it all for granted. On disembarking she was conducted to one of the Cardinal's palaces placed at her disposal by his Holiness, her host.

CITY OF LONDON SHRINKING.

Each year the City of London grows smaller; that is to say, in respect of the actual area available for business premises. Street improvements are ever in progress, and each step taken means the lessening to that extent of the ground which can be devoted to bricks and mortar. In the past twelvemonth alone the City Corporation paid £175,000 for land thus acquired, and at the close of the year the claims outstanding aggregated £227,370. The cost to the rate payers may be judged from the fact that a penny rate produces just over £22,000.

LAWS AGAINST CATS.

Cats, which, are to be taxed in Bavaria, suffered badly some years ago from the policy of the French Government. One result of the laws directed by M. Combes against religious Orders was to render homeless thousands of cats which had found a peaceful shelter in monasteries and convents. So many of these unfortunate animals were driven on to the streets that a society was formed to succour them. The first president of the society was M. Pierre Loti, whose "Livre de la Pitie et de la Mort" is a classic among cat lovers. The movement found many influential supporters, and in course of time a comfortable home was found for most of the dumb victims of anticlericalism.

FIRST ORGANISED STRIKE.

Bethnal Green, where an exciting contest was decided in mail week was apparently the place in which the first organized labour "strike" of modern times originated. In 1769, the local weavers, mainly of Huguenot descent, became dissatisfied with their wages, held meetings, formed a committee, and made a levy on all working looms for the support of the unemployed. The looms of "blackleg" weavers were cut. An attempt was made to arrest a party of loom-cutters at the Dolphin public house, which still exists, and in the melee a soldiers was killed. For this two of the strikers were tried, and sentenced to death.

A CURIOUS POINT OF LAW.

Out of this sentence a curious point of law arose. The warrant for the execution of the strikers specified that they were to be hanged at "the most convenient place near Bethnal Green Church"; but the sheriffs demurred that the Recorder, when passing sentence, directed them to be executed "in the usual place." The case was argued before twelve judges, who decided that the "place" formed no part of the sentence; and the two loom-cutters were hanged near Bethnal Green parish church, in the presence of a crowd so excited that the sheriffs deemed it prudent to "order the unhappy sufferers to be turned off before the usual time allowed on such occasions."

[illegible] Tun Yen, the new Chinese Minister of [illegible]fairs, is in England on his way from the [illegible]s to Pekin and was interviewed by [illegible]d about Chinese policy with regard [illegible] Excellency said :—"We have no new [illegible]ning Tibet. Our one aim is to main[illegible]and quietude there and to carry out our [illegible]igations with Great Britain. The idea [illegible] in this country sometime ago with regard [illegible]action in Tibet was a mistaken one. According to the Treaty, we have to keep open one or [illegible]o-trade marts, and unless we had a sufficient force to maintain order we could not have guaranteed the maintenance of peace or the carrying out of our Treaty obligations. We had no aim beyond this."

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

"Bombay Government Gazette," August 24.

Mr S S Shirwadkar Clerk of the Court, Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court, Satana, was in charge of the current duties of that Court, in addition to his own, from the 3rd May to the 15th June.

Mr G E Sule, Mahalkari, petha Nagothna, and Magistrate of the Second Class in the district of Kolaba, to exercise the powers vested by the Act in a Magistrate of Police.

During the absence on leave of Mr Phiroze Hoshang Dastur or pending further orders :—Mr J W S Dracup to act as Second Presidency Megistrate. Bombay; Rao Bahadur Chunilal Harilal Setalvad, Bareister-at-Law, to act as Third Presidency Magistrate, Bombay; Mr Frank Oliveira, LL B, to act as Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

Mr. Vishnu Anant Kunte, Accountant, Rewa State, to prosecute or defend, on behalf of His Highness the Maharaja of Rewa, any suits that may arise in connection with a promissory note of 26th June 1908 executed by Mr. R. G. Baldock in favour of His Highness.

Vice Mr. E. Sands, deceased.—Mr. Gunvantrai Gulabrai Desai to be Fourth Grade Deputy Collector, Mr. Narayan Govind Chandorkar to be Fifth Grade Deputy Collector, Mr. Narayan Chintaman Pethe to be substantive pro tem. Fifth Grade Deputy Collector. Mr. R. F. E. Cumming to be Sixth Grade Deputy Collector.

Mr. J. F. Lobo to be substantive pro-tem Sixth Grade Deputy Collector Vice Mr. Krishnaji Ballal Bhide, retired 12th July Mr. Narayan Chintaman Pethe to be Fifth Grade Deputy Collector. Shaikh Yakub Vazir Muhammad to be substantive pro tem. Fifth Grade Deputy Collector. Mr. Anandrao Ramchandra Gulvadi to be Sixth Grade Deputy Collector.

Raje Raghunathroo Jaykrishnarao Deshmukh to be President of the Municipality of Raver in the East Khandesh District.

Shaikh Oosman Abdul Mia Koreishi is appointed to be a member of the Committee of Management of the Ahmedabad Municipality vice Rai, Bahadur Balabhai Mancharam, resigned.

Mr. Gopal Venkatrao Masur is appointed to be Subordinate Government Pleader in the Subordinate Judge's Court at Athni in the Belgaum District for a period of five years vice Mr. Annaji Narayan Deshpande, resigned.

Assistant Surgeon V. B. Gupte, L.M. & S., has been placed on general duty at the Civil Hospital, Ahmedabad, with effect from 12th August Poona, 19th August 1911.

Assistant Surgeon M. J. Mistri, L. M. & S., has been appointed to the medical charge of the Parekh Dispensary, Surat, with effect from 10th August.

Assistant Surgeon J. C. DeQuadros, L. M. & S., has been appointed to the madical charge of the Hubli Dispensary with effect from 12th August 1911 vice Assistant Surgeon C. M. Rodrigues, retired.

Assistant Surgeon M. L. Manghirmalani, B.A. L. M. & S., has been appointed to the medical charge of the Wadhwan Civil Station Dispensary with effect from 10th August vice Assistant Surgeon S. K. Vaidya, L. M. & ., resigned.

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 25.

(Before the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor.)

638-08 Tyabji D and Co Balkissondas Shivlal and another vs Girdharilal Akheram Mulla and M

1025-09 Hiralal and Co Golam Hussein Mulla Hussanalli vs Ramabai widow and another

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Davar.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

917-09 Matubhai J and M Maneckji Hormusji Sanjana and others vs Nusserwanji Rustomji Mistry and another Little and Co.

Testamentary Suit.

9-11 C P d'Cunha Laxman Krishna and another vs Ganpat Babaji Argade Sabnis and G

Long Causes.

910-09 Payne and Co Haji Jakaria Haji Ahmed Patel vs Bai Rehamabai widow and others Payne and Co Captain and V.

927-07 Ardeshir H D and Co Ebrahim Haji Mahomed and another vs Khan Bahadur Hakim Mahomed Dayum and others Payne and Co Pestonji R K and Co Captain and V and Ardeshir H D and Co

740-05 Jehangir M and S Karnidan Chotmal and others vs Dhanabai widow and others.

1105-05 Edgelow G W and Co; Abdulla Gulam Hoosein vs. Remoobhai Allana and others Thakurdas and Co.

932-10 Payne and Co. R D Sethna vs. Heerji Dossa Jamshedji R and D.

964-10 Edgelow G W and Co. Sha Jivraj Rattonsey and Co. vs. The Bombay Cotton Mills Co. Ltd. and another Dapthary F and D Payne and Co.

859-15 Raghavaya B and N Jamnadas Doongersey and another vs. Purshotam Morarji and another Edgelow G W and Co. Dikshit D and S.

899-10 Manecklal and T Bhagirathibai widow vs. Ragho Babaji and others Manecklal and T S B Mehta

952-10 Kanga and S Noor Mahomed Abdulla vs. Fatmabai widow and another vs. Tyabji D and Co

654-10 Bhaishankar K and G Bai Sonabai widow vs. Mathuradass Vasanji and another Mehta and D.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Mcleod).

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

352-10 Kanga and S Bertie Smith and Co Ld vs Hormasji Ratonji Oomrigar, Jehangir and Co.

131-07 Tyabji D and Co, Rahimtulla Gangji vs Hassanali Sullemanji Edgelow G W and Co.

723-10 Nanu H and Co Rakhibai widow and others Morarji Mengji and others.

665-10 Shamrao M and H Messrs Nahgardas Purshotamdas and Co vs Messrs Kapadia Bros Mulla and M.

726-10 Jamshedji R and D Vallivahu widow vs Purshotam Vishram Mowji Dikshit D and S.

893-10 Tyabji D and Co. Bai Auratbai widow and others, Khoja Ebrahim Purbai and others Jamshedji R and D.

894-10 Subnis and G Kailia Nayan Radha Kisson vs Shriram Mota and Co. Bickell M and R.

721-10 Mulla and M Bomanji Rastomji vs Chandulal Dalsukram Javeri Raghavaya B and N.

427-10 Motichand and D Ghellabhai Lilladhar and Co vs. Tejpal Ramsey, Shroff D and D.

907-10 Captain and V Mulji Pradhan vs. Jehangir B Petit and Co. Wadia G W and Co.

1172-09 Captain and V Saleh Mahomed Cassam vs Hassonalli Gulam Hoosein Payne and Co.

751-10 Hiralal and Co Vishnu Ballal and Co vs Puranmal Gulji Singham Madhowji K and C Hiralal and Co

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY LIEUT. STANLEY REED, COMMANDING, Bo. L. H.

Bombay, 25th August.

1. The British Infantry Range at Colaba will be available for practice to-morrow Saturday afternoon the 26th instant, from 4 p.m.

2 There will be drill on the Sands for all members on Tuesday morning next, the 29th instant. Rendezvous Church Gate Station 7-30 a.m.

Dress—Khaki and hunting saddles.

Members who are not already in possession of their Khaki uniform are requested to turn out in Mufti.

D. W. WILSON, Lieut.,
Actg.-Adjt. B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 25th August.

679. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for class-firing as follows :—
Saturday 26th instant—"C" Coy.
Sunday, the 27th instant—"D" Coy.
Monday 28th instant—"G" Coy.
Tuesday 29th instant—"F" Coy.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a.m.

680. The Miniature Range at Carnac Road, will be open for matches 13 to 15 on Sunday, the 27th instant, from 9 a.m. to 12 noon.

681. The Viceroy's Prize Competition—Intending Competitors will please submit their names with entrance fees Rs 4 to the Adjutant by the 15th September 1911. Conditions can be seen at Head-Quarters.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B. V. R.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

A NOVELTY OF NOTE.

It is a recognised thing that the best millinery can be, and very often is, hopelessly spoilt by the addition of a carelessly tied veil that crushes the trimming and destroys the whole beauty of a properly curved brim—a feature which is absolutely essential to the proper effect of so many of the big picture hats. Lately, however, a really efficient and a quite simple veil fastener has been put upon the market which does away with all such inconveniences. This is a very neat contrivance, consisting of a long piece of narrow elastic which can be threaded in a moment through the top of any veil without the addition of a needle and cotton. It is finished at either end by two neat button attachments which are arranged so as to conceal two pin-clips that are easily fixed to any hat, and which ensures the veil being arranged in perfect order, however hurriedly it may have been donned. The slight fulness made by the elastic running string is very becoming both to wearers of small or large hats, for it absolutely prevents the veil being worn flatly over the lace.

VEILS OF THE PRESENT.

The fashion for lace veils is spreading in every direction; certainly the most effective of all is a new kind made in palest champagne coloured lace, with a large but a disfiguring pattern. Some very becoming new washing veils, which from a complete protection from the sun, are of lightly spotted net with a heavy lace border. These are much cheaper than the ordinary lace veil, and look particularly well if the border is worn over the crown of a summer hat.

TRIMMING "A LA MODE."

The careful shopper with an eye to the main chance, who is already contemplating dress for the autumn and the early winter will do well to take advantage of wonderful sale of bead and embroidered garnitures which is now taking place in London. These bead trimmings are most beautiful and are being cleared at very low prices. Particulars useful to the clever home dressmaker are some new little bead-yoke collars, which are fashioned in coloured porcelain beads, in lovely Oriential colouring which look exceedingly smart when worn on serge coats. They also make a very great addition to those ready-made frocks for a well-adjusted bead yoke of small proportions will often take away that ordinary commonplace look which mars the effect of so many of those pretty and quite cheap linen and serge or foulard frocks.

FOR EVENING WEAR.

Even more lovely are the beaded garnitures that are suitable for evening wear. Some of these made for "decollete" corsages represent a yoke, square or round, according to the wearer's taste, fashioned in silver and gold or dainty mother-o'-pearl ornaments. There are also various oddments to be picked up just now in tunic-robes made of beads, or of beautiful handembroidered tulle and net; while a quite unique tunic is made after the Russian style, of pale cream crepe, embroidered in a peasant design, of Oriental coloured silks, that range from pale blues and pinks to deep reds and browns.

A DAINTY DINNER ACCESSORY.

A summer novelty which is a godsend to the hostess who is busy arranging picnics and garden parties during the spell of hot weather at home is to be found in some quite new and dainty little cardboard dishes that are made to hold fruit, sandwiches, or bon-bons, as the case may be. These are ornamented with a charming border of stamped silver leaves, and are highly decorated. At a recent garden party the buffet was set with these little dishes holding raspberries, red currants, peaches, and various kinds of sandwiches—the pretty silver border matching the large silver bowl and the silver vases that held the floral decorations.

A FREE GIFT.

It is very seldom that a free gift is worth accepting, but during the last few weeks an enterprising firm of advertisers have been supplying the most practical kind of cover for a telephone directory that has yet been invented. This takes the form of a stiff red cover which is very easily attached to a telephone directory by a clever centre-rod that keeps it securely in place, and yet does not in any way damage the book. The chief value of this cover lies in the fact that it contains several essential addresses and telephone numbers; so that one can find them at a glance without troubling to hunt them up inside the book. The idea is a splendid one, for the cover is made to meet the requirements of all classes of people, and quite a different set of names and addresses ornament those sent for use in City offices to the ones that are supplied to the ordinary West End householder, who seldom requires to ring up any public firm save the nearest stores, the leading theatres or music-halls. The special wants of the telephone subscriber in the suburbs are likewise catered for. Indeed, the new cover promises to be quite as essential to all users of the telephone as is the directory itself.

TRAVELLING COATS.

Just now tralling coats are undergoing a distinct change. The heat wave has introduced linen coats smartly made and trimmed with lace insertions to the notice of a great many travellers, who, while wishing to protect their clothes, do not want anything that will make them hot. Some of these new coats are very charming, while even more serviceable are long coats made of deep blue or various-coloured Tussore silk and trimmed with a simple square collar made of wool lace to match the tone of silk used. The lace likewise trims the fronts of such coats and is often let in in the form of a yoke and upper sleeve—a style that is very effective.

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Latest colorings.

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GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

"SENTIMENTAL SALLY."

Those who prefer their blancmanges pink, says a dramatic correspondent, may derive some enjoyment from Mr. Temple Thurston's "Sally Bishop," produced at the Prince of Wales's on Tuesday night in mail week, for Sally herself is a perfect pink blancmange of a heroine, while the play—pleasing, possibly, to the sweetest tooth—savours of treacle boiled up with saccharine. This is the effect of Mr. Thurston's literary personality upon a theme which, in Sir Arthur Pinero's hands, errs, despite able treatment, in the opposite direction. The mistress who gives herself unreservedly to her lover generally proves either too mawkishly simple for words or too violently emotional for worlds. Sally is of the former species—one of those heroines created with a special eye to being called "little woman." She is the apotheosis of insipidity. Almost only thing she knows is that she loves him, and almost the only thing she does is to do it. "He" is one John Hewitt Traill, a rising barrister, and she first met him on the top of a 'bus.' Traill is very fond of Sally, but he will not marry her—not by any means because she is a City typist who doesn't know the difference between a bank clerk and a bank cashier, but because, hang it all, he is not a marrying man. So she lives with him happily for a glorious year—until, in fact, discovering one night that he is going to the theatre with another girl and his own sister, she tracks him through London and watches him during the whole performance from the pit of the Duke of York's. He sees her, and a quarrel follows. There is just one thing a man cannot stand, says Traill, and that (my God) is to be spied upon. This must be the end. He leaves her and Bohemia for Society. Sally becomes desperately lonely. If you have tears, prepare to shed them now. She sends for Traill and suggests that, if she had a child, there would still be something to live for. But this is impossible. He has become engaged to the other girl. Sally staggers into her bedroom, locks the door, and turns on the gas. Then Traill finds a letter from an old friend which has been waiting at his rooms for several weeks. It contains the news that the girl he is engaged to has not been all she should have been. "If I had known this a month ago!" he cries. I never understood Sally till this moment." The reasoning is a little difficult to follow. Sally is now nearly asphyxiated; but Traill breaks down the door, rescues her, and asks her to be his wife. The best performance in the play it given by Mr. Baskcomb, as a bank cashier who proposes to Sally in the opening scene—which is decidedly the most effective. Mr. Dennis Eadie plays Traill with his accustomed finish, but his intellect is thrown away on the part; Miss Agnes Thomas brings her acute perception to bear on Sally's best friend with excellent results. Miss Daisy Markham's Sally is less satisfactory. It is a colourless character, standing in urgent need of assistance; but Miss Markham appears to milk-and-water it with relish. Perhaps the most sensational moment of the evening was when Mr. Holman Clark made his appearance in the second act without whiskers.

NAPOLEON AT POPULAR PRICES.

In "A Royal Divorce" at the Lyceum you get all the "nuances" of the halfpenny newspaper headline. Sometimes the emotion is terrific; sometimes it is enormous sometimes it is merely immense, and then you yawn. There is a climax every few minutes, the real "piece de resistance," or roast and boiled, coming at the close of the fourth act. These show the defeat of Napoleon at Waterloo, including a row of cardboard painted soldiers quite equal to anything Mr. Pelissier, with the aid of Mr. John Bull, has yet achieved. Perhaps the most attractive feature was the courage and decision of the audience. The Little Corporal and Josephine being great favourites—the noble sentiments of the latter were furiously applauded—Beaumont was naturally in everybody's bad books. When, therefore, in the moment of his disgrace, at the discovery of his treachery to Buonaparte, he cried out, "Willington and the English have never failed? They will have Napoleon yet?"—the gallery found itself face to face with a ticklish proposition. What was to be done? I was still considering when the thunderous applause burst out. After all, then, pride of race is more potent than contempt of person. More seriously, this is a wretched, stilted play of Wills, quite unworthy of its numerous revivals: and says the correspondent, I fail to see what good it is going to do at the Lyceum beyond teaching audiences how not to pronounce Languedoc and how not to spell Tuileries. Mr. Frank Lister makes a fair Napoleon, and looks particularly like the pictures when he remembers to pose at each entrance and exit. Miss Ethel Warwick plays Josephine at cheap prices and is sure to be popular. The best performances are those of Mr. Wilmot Jackson, who acts with a sense of place and period, and Miss Gillian Scaife, who improve as the drama progresses.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR "ŒDIPUS REX."

Interesting particulars are now available as to the arrangementt will be adopted at Covent Garden in connexion with Mr. Martin Harvey's production of "Œdipus Rex," in conjunction with Herr Max Reinhardt, in January next. For a beginning, the orchestra will be raised nearer to the level of the present stage by the use of the temporary floor on which the marked balls take place. In the centre of this will be thymele, and a broad gangway will lead stagewards from what is now the back entrance to the stalls. The whole of the proscenium will be filled with a built-up representation of the palace of Œdipus, which will conceal the present frame; and from the palace a flight of steps, as broad as the palace front, will lead down to the orchestra. On this flight of steps there will be three platforms—those on each side having altars on them, the central platform, where also there will be an altar, forming the "stage," where most of the action, so far as the principals are concerned, will take place. The lighting will be mainly from a single point at the back of the auditorium. Except that Mr. Martin Harvey, will play Œdipus, the selection of actors for the principals has not yet been made. The play will be acted for two weeks from January 15 next, with three morning performances each week. There is a possibility of a third week being added. Mr. Martin Harvey, is forming a committee to give Herr Reinhardt and his production a welcome.

"ROMEO AND JULIET" AT THE NEW THEATRE.

"Romeo and Juliet" is now in active rehearsal at the New Theatre, and Miss Julia Neilson and Mr. Fred Terry have decided to produce the play on Saturday, September 2. It is now some years since "Romeo and Juliet" was last produced in London, and great interest is being shown in Miss Neilson-Terry's Juliet. The play is being produced under Mr. Terry's own supervision, and is to be lavishly mounted.

"THE FOLLIES" AND OTHER VARIETY ENTERTAINMENTS.

The Follies will reopen at the Apollo on August 29, with a programme which will include new skits on other people's plays, among them one on a repertory theatre, and also an entertainment of a kind which the Follies have not previously tried. At the Palace, Mlle. Melia, a fantastic dancer with a great reputation in Germany, is appearing. Mail week was the last week of the engagement of Mlle. Pavlova and M. Mordkin, but Mlle. Pavlova is to return next spring. At the Coliseum in mail week Miss Hilda Trevelyan appeared (for the first time on the variety stage) in Mr. Dion Clayton Calthrop's play of the American Civil War, "The Gate of Dreams." Mlle. Gaby Desly's engagement at the Alhambra is drawing to a close. Certainly no artist during the Coronation season has been a more potent attraction than this vivacious French comedienne. The ballet "The Dance Dream," continues on its successful run, and Mlle. Alexandra Balashova, premiere danseuse from the Czar's theatre at Moscow, has already installed herself as a favourite. Further illusions by the mysterious De Biere are also promised. At the Empire the new version of the Revue "By George" has been most enthusiastically received, and Miss Marie Dainton, who is the latest addition, is scoring a great success. There are very many theatrical and other skits, and the finale, which introduces a remarkable impersonation of the Prince of Wales, is applauded to the echo.

At the recent examination in England for commissions in the Indian Medical Service twenty-eight candidates presented themselves for twelve vacancies. No Indian competitor was successful on this occasion. At the Royal Army Medical Corps examination held at the same time the proportion of candidates to vacancies was forty-four to twenty, so that the competition for the two medical services was about equal.

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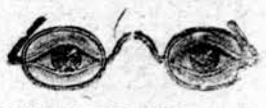

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